

WEATHER FORECAST:

Tomorrow Rain

THE EVENING NEWS.

TEMPERATURE TODAY:

At 3 p. m., 70 degrees.

DEVOTED TO MAKING ADA A LARGER AND MORE PROGRESSIVE CITY

VOLUME 2

ADA, INDIAN TERRITORY, SATURDAY EVENING, JANUARY 20, 1906

NUMBER 261

\$30,000 STOCK Of Goods For Sale!

Beginning Thursday, January 17, and continuing for 30 days, we will sell our entire stock of dry goods, boots, shoes, hats, clothing and groceries at actual wholesale cost. Everything goes in this sale except wagons and farm implements. A large assortment of buggies is included in this cost sale. We have over-bought for the season and want to reduce our \$30,000 in the next 30 days to \$15,000. If you are "from Missouri" we can "show you" we are doing what we claim. This sale will be for spot cash--nothing will be charged--as we need the money more than we need the goods. President Roosevelt could not buy on credit from us during this sale. Opportunity knocks once at every man's door.

This is Your Opportunity

The Big Store
Reed & Harrison

ALMOST TEN MILLION BALES HAVE BEEN GINNED

Dallas, Texas, Jan. 20.—The semi-monthly bale report of the National Ginners' Association, compiled yesterday, shows that 176,496 bales have been ginned from Jan. 1 to Jan. 15, 1906, inclusive. This added to the Government's last census report shows a total of 9,897,071 bales ginned during the season of 1905-06.

President J. A. Taylor, who compiled the report, stated that the cotton territory was very generally covered and the report, therefore, should be very accurate. He said:

"Some people criticize us because we always take the figures of the Government and seem to think that we ought not to add it

to our own. We don't claim that we alone are correct. Inasmuch as we are just trying to forecast what the Government report will be, it serves our purpose to use their latest official figures."

Marriage Licenses.

Licenses were issued Friday to E. D. Williams, of Citra, aged 33, and Agnes Cochran, of Conway, aged 19; and to Edgar West, 21, and Ethel Ensley, 18, both of York. The former couple were married in the office by Deputy Clerk Constant.

Everybody.

The subject of the sermon by Rev. Fitzgerald at the Baptist Church tomorrow (Sunday) at 11 o'clock will be "How May I Know that I am a Christian." You are cordially invited.

WILLIAM J. BRYAN OF THE SAME OPINION STILL

—After leaving the Philippine islands on his way to visit India, W. J. Bryan made the following statement to the Associated Press:

"My visit to the Philippines has been very interesting and instructive and I appreciate the facilities afforded me by the civil and military authorities for a thorough investigation of the Filipinos. This has enabled me

to collect much knowledge which I hope to use for the benefit of the American people and the Filipinos.

"The promise given by the rising generation of the natives to use the English language surpasses my expectations more than anything else.

"My views regarding the independence of the islands have not changed."

BUREAU OF STATISTICS MUST BE MUCH IMPROVED

Charles Hallam Keep, assistant secretary of the treasury and chairman of the so-called Keep commission on department methods, has submitted to the president the commission's reports of investigation of the methods employed by the bureau of statistics of the department of agriculture in estimating crops and especially the cotton crop.

The report says that in every instance, except in the case of three cotton reports in the last six years, the bureau of statistics estimates have been under-estimates. The under-estimating has been especially great in the case of cereal crops and live stock. The conclusion of the commission is that the methods of the bureau of statistics must be greatly improved or the service discontinued.

The report makes various suggestions looking to improvement of the service. It says that crop conditions should be expressed in percentages without fractions. It recommends that in the case of cotton the percentage figure of condition be converted into bales of indicated weight by a well known commercial formula. It recommends the transfer of

the determination of the cotton acreage planted from the bureau of statistics to the bureau of the census.

An important recommendation of the report is that the bureau of statistics, in the case of cotton, confine its work to its monthly reports expressing the condition of the growing crop during the growing season.

Discussing the ginning statistics of the census bureau, the report reaches the conclusion that the earlier reports of ginning cover so small a proportion of the crop as to be without value. It recommends that no ginning report be issued before the middle of October.

The Revival.

The revival continues with great interest. Friday night there was a good congregation.

There will be no service today nor tonight. The evangelists and workers will take a rest day.

Through the courtesy and invitation of Bro. Chandler and the church the evangelists will hold the morning service at the Baptist church. The subject for 11 a. m. will be "How May I Know That I am a Christian." At 3:00 p. m. there will be a young people's service.

Sunday night will close the services.

INDIANS CLAMOR FOR SALE OF MINERAL LANDS

Washington, Jan. 20.—Whether the disposition which the Curtis bill as amended and passed by the House seeks to make of the mineral lands in the Choctaw and Chickasaw Nations will receive the approval of the Senate is regarded as doubtful. The change, made somewhat suddenly, is said to be satisfactory to the lessees.

But if reports received in Washington are correct, this solution of the matter is highly unsatisfactory to the Indians who own these lands. It was said telegrams had been received stating that a delegation represent-

ing the two tribes would arrive here next week to begin a vigorous campaign against the amended bill in the Senate.

The Indians, it is said, desire to have the coal lands sold and the money distributed among the citizens. If the Curtis bill should become a law and should remain intact it will be eighteen years before the coal lands may be sold. It provides that they shall not be disposed of until all the leases shall have expired and the last of these will not terminate until about 1924. The present lessees, therefore, would not be disturbed.

BIG STATEHOOD BATTLE PROBABLE NEXT WEEK

Washington, Jan. 20.—The announcement came from the Speaker's room last afternoon while the House sitting as a committee of the whole was considering the deficiency bill, that the statehood bill is to be reported Tuesday and the rule to insure its passage without dismemberment Wednesday.

The announcement was a surprise to the insurgents. To Mr. Babcock, chief insurgent, it was also disquieting. Immediately he started out on an inspection of his heroic band, and when he got back he reported complacently that it remained in solid phalanx, eager for battle in the cause of parliamentary liberty. So, if the Speaker is not feinting for the purpose of uncovering the enemy's strength, the battle against the autocracy of the Committee on Rules is scheduled for Wednesday.

Presbyterian Church.

Preaching tomorrow at 11 a. m. by the pastor. Theme: "The Church of God." No preaching at night on account of the protracted meeting. An opportunity to join the church will be given at the morning service. Strangers in the city are given a cordial invitation to worship with us.

John A. Williams, Pastor.

Frisco Promotions.

T. R. Griffith of St. Louis, traveling auditor of the Frisco, is in the city making a transfer of cashiers at the station. W. C. Slocum is promoted from cashier to an agency, the location of which is not announced. His place will be taken by H. R. Mayreis, heretofore clerk.

Brakeman Killed.

A brakeman on the Frisco local freight going north was fatally hurt at Scullin last night about 12:40. He died at 4 o'clock this morning. His name was H. L. Wilkinson.

THE ELECTRICAL BUSINESS

like every other business has its styles and its fashions. Our stock of fixtures is always up to the minute. We are also prepared to render the best service in plumbing and waterworks supplies and our prices are always consistent with our services. The best is always the cheapest. We also carry a full line of steam fixtures. Your patronage solicited.

Ada Electric and Plumbing Supply Co., Phone 237

MODEL BAKERY

Fresh Bread, Cakes, Pies, Etc.

A Fine Line of Candies

116 SOUTH BROADWAY, OPPOSITE OLD POSTOFFICE

COAL! COAL!!

Midway and Henryetta fancy lump, \$6.00 per ton. Some certain party is trying to mislead by telling the people of Ada that he is connected with me in the coal business. I will say to the citizens of Ada that I have no partner at all.

G. M. ANGLIN.

Phone 249. Orders Delivered to Any Part of the City

BILLIARDS

Enjoy an evening at the W. J. Wilson Billiard and Pool Parlors. Everything first class.

L. N. JAMES Mgrs. POOL

PAUL W. ALLEN,

Livery, Feed and Sale Stable.

Horses Boarded by Day or Week. Satisfaction Guaranteed. Best of Service.

Allen Livery Barn

South Townsend Ave., Phone 64.

GUS KRANNICH THE TAILOR

After all it pays to have your clothes made by an experienced tailor. If Gus Krannich makes a suit for you you will never complain. Try him. Cleaning and repairing neatly done.

K. C. Tailor Shop.

(Over Freeman's Store)

Ada, I. T.

The best Candies, Fruits and Cigars. Box Candies a Specialty At the Postoffice News Stand

Cheap Coal FOR CASH

Place your order for good coal with the

CRYSTAL ICE and COAL CO.

The driver is authorized to receipt you for payments.

Phone No. 122

The Ada National Bank.

TOM HOPE, President; FRANK JONES, Cashier; JNO. L. BARRINGER, Vice President; ORVILLE SNEAD, Asst. Cashier.

Capital Stock, \$50,000.00
Undivided Profits, 20,200.00

Blanks Furnished and Remittances Made to the Government on Town Lots.

ADA, CHICKASAW NATION, IND. TER.

ADA EVENING NEWS.

OFFICIAL CITY PAPER.

OTIS B. WEAVER PUBLISHER
M. D. STEINER, BUSINESS MANAGER

Entered as Second class matter March 26, 1904, at the Postoffice at Ada, Indian Territory, under the Act of Congress March 3, 1869.

Advertising rates furnished on application.

ARIZONA'S PROTEST.

We of Oklahoma and Indian Territory see an abundance of iniquity in the omnibus bill simply in the way it imperils our prospects for any statehood. But its injustice grows apace when we consider the wrongs to Arizona involved in this infamous measure of party expediency.

After mentioning some minor objections to union with New Mexico urged by the Arizonians, the Washington Times adds:

"But their real objection lies deeper than any of these things. They do not want to unite with a people as foreign to them as the Apaches.

The truth of the matter is that New Mexico is not American. It is Greaser. A great many Americans have settled there, it is true, and the allegiance of her people is nowhere questioned—but the Mexicans outnumber the Americans eight to five, and the state speaks Spanish. Forty of the seventy members of her legislature are Mexicans. Interpreters are needed in every court in the territory.

This is the milk in the coconut. To anyone who has even seen a "Greaser," his broad, silver-embroidered hat down over his eyes, a cigarette hanging from his lips and his knife in his belt, no further explanation will be needed. If Arizona's only hope of statehood lies in being outvoted by such as these she does well to say: "Let us alone to grow." She is great and rich now. Irrigation is making her vastly richer. A swift development is sure. And she ought not be yoked with a foreign people distasteful to her from every point of view without her consent.

Let congress make New Mexico a separate state—if the two houses choose. But Arizona should be left alone."

Now we shall see what Walker has done.

At Tulsa's great Sewer Banquet things must have flowed freely.

If congress is determined not to remove any restrictions upon the sale of Indian land it does not matter much anyhow, this statehood business.

If the insurgents should win out and have Arizona and New Mexico cut out, in line with the McGuire bill, Delegate McGuire will be the biggest republican in the West.

EVIDENTLY that separate farmers' union just organized at South McAlester is not so numerically strong as desired by the secessionists, else there would have been more information in the news dispatches relative to the number of delegates and number of lodges represented.

MOUSE MARKET BRISK

CATS ALSO WANTED AT LOGANS-PORT, IND.

Demand for Motive Power in a Drug Store Window Starts Novel Industry for Small Boys—Quotations Fluctuate.

Logansport, Ind.—Mice and cat quotations are likely to be features of local market reports if fluctuations continue as sharp as they have been here for two or three days.

The mouse market took an unexpected upward start the other day, but on account of liberal receipts later a bear movement followed. Cats were brisk and kittens lively. Rangy looking rats were a drug on the market, and only prime mice are wanted at any price. The price of cats is rising, however, and the supply, while large, is unequal to the demand.

Homer Closson & Co., a drug firm, are holding up the mouse market. The cats are being bought by tenants of the building he occupies. The demand for both grew out of an idea manifested with intent to cut down electric power bills.

Closson is the Armour of the mouse business. He used an electric fan in his show window to keep it from frosting over. The current cost money. Closson figured out that a mouse on a treadmill would do the same work as a \$500,000 municipal electric plant. He rigged up an endless belt, baited with cheese.

But the mice seemed to have heard of his plan to put them to work. They became as scarce as snakes in Ireland. Closson put a sign in his window:

WANTED!

Healthy, Able-Bodied Mice to Work for Their Living.

Will Pay One Cent Apiece.

Then he awaited results. Nothing materialized. The next day a voice over the telephone asked: "What are you paying for mice to-day?"

"I'll give you five cents apiece," replied Closson. In due time a small boy, with 37 mice appeared and departed with \$1.85. The mice began their endless grind upgrade toward the never attainable cheese. Closson geared the fan to the mouse motor and disconnected the electricity.

The mice were non-union. They worked all day and half the night trying to reach two cents' worth of cheese. Then they fell exhausted. Closson's fan stopped, the windows began to frost over, and the sign was changed to read "Five cents apiece."

All the small boys in Cass county seemed to have been holding off for an advance. They arrived with enough mice to keep the fan working

in quadruple shifts for years, day and night. The price of mice fell in proportion. Closson would buy only "selected stock." The rest were turned loose by the boys, who preferred this to taking them back to the fodder stacks where they had been captured.

Simultaneously there came protests from adjoining bakeries and flats. One man in a hall bedroom hung out a sign offering to pay 30 cents each for cats that would rid his premises of the cast-off mice and those that had begun to gnaw their way out of Closson's cage.

A procession of small boys lugging reluctant tabbies passed up the stairs until the cat market developed a bear tendency. The neighbors of the "cat buyer of finance" picked up bargains in mousers all the way from a quarter to a dime.

The day's trading closed with markets firm on both cats and mice, and with non-union workers still toiling to reach the top of the treadmill—and, incidentally, keeping the frost from the store windows.

HAS PENCIL IN HER BRAIN.

Little Girl Lives with Skull Pierced by Slate—Fired from Pistol.

Atlantic City, N. J.—Surgeons are puzzled and interested with the vitality shown by Bessie Aug, the 13-year-old patient in the city hospital, who lives with a slate pencil imbedded in the lower part of the brain. The physicians called a consultation and carefully examined the child, with the intention of performing an operation, but it is such an unusual case and requires such a delicate and difficult operation, with but a small chance of saving her life, that they hesitate.

The child gains consciousness frequently, and manages to occasionally recognize who her relatives or friends who call to see her. A sad Christmas was passed by her mother, who called to see her and spent several hours beside the suffering daughter. She came to her senses for a few moments and made an effort to speak, but failed. Death, say the physicians, may ensue at any moment. John Adams, the lad who fired the pencil from a pistol into the girl's head, is still in the custody of his parents.

American Exports to Orient.

There was a remarkable increase last year in American exports to China and Japan. In ten months the exports to China have been \$50,000,000, compared with \$20,000,000 in the previous year, and to Japan the total for the same time has jumped from \$22,000,000 to \$46,500,000. Our Pacific ferriage to those countries is direct and Europe cannot hope to compete with it in distance and cheapness.

GORGEOUS PARIS FUNERAL.

Rich Old Woman Directs That \$14,000 Be Spent on Her Burial at French Capital.

Paris.—A rich old woman of the Rue Vaugirard who died recently, ordered her executors to spend \$14,000 on her funeral. Accordingly the executors of her will gave her the most gorgeous funeral ever seen in this city. Her body was embalmed by famous surgeons, her coffin was the most expensive that could be bought, and the service, which took place in the Church of St. Sulpice, was the most elaborate that the ceremonial of the church would allow. Thousands of persons assembled on the great square to get a glimpse of the magnificent funeral carriage and elaborate appointments, and many of them went as far as the burial ground so as not to miss any part of the spectacle.

Notwithstanding all they had done, the executors found when they went to pay the bills that the total expense did not quite reach the amount stipulated. Therefore they ordered that the great stairway of the apartment house in which the woman had lived should be draped in black and silver for a certain period. To this the other tenants strenuously objected, and one who was going to give a reception had recourse to the courts to have the objectionable ornaments removed. Now he is suing for damages, and it is probable when the courts are through with the case the rich woman's property will have been taxed much more than the original \$14,000.

STEALS OCEAN'S SECRETS.

De Plury, Who Has Descended to Greater Depths Than Any Diver, Tells of Sights.

Paris.—A young naval engineer named De Plury, diving in connection with the examination now going on of the French vessel sunk near Saigon, has made remarkable discoveries concerning the inhabitants of the ocean at a greater depth than has ever before been reached.

De Plury's daring has been made possible by his accoutrements—an invention of his own—which are armored with metal plates, while by a chemical arrangement respiration becomes automatic. At a depth of 1,094 yards De Plury declares that all submarine monsters change in shape because of the enormous pressure of the water. If taken to the surface, their size is quadrupled like a rubber bag inflated by air. Bodies that sink to these deeper levels have every bone broken. The creatures that circle about them are all carnivorous, and to see them feeding is inexpressible horror.

When 162 feet below the surface the diver says he must go through masses of seaweed that envelop and would drag him down. Beneath this weed snake-like creatures and fish resembling dolphins surrounded him, and not the least of his adversaries were the giant crabs with tough shells and hideous claws.

At 30 feet below the surface De Plury gets odd effects in light. Seen through the pale, moving water, it assumes strange rainbow hues. At a depth of 129 feet the sandy bottom of the sea in intense sunlight looked like molten gold. Below 200 feet darkness commences, and at 327 pitchy darkness surrounds one that must be illuminated to make moving safe. Electric lamps of 10,000 candle-power are used by De Plury.

The diver says that at a certain depth bodies are kept in a state of preservation, but when touched drop away like powder.

He tells gruesome tales of the wrecks he has visited, among them the treasure ship that was taking Napoleon's gold to Holland in 1808. One hundred million of gold sank at that time, and little more than half has been recovered.

Boat Riding in Air.

Row, row, row your boat gently down the air is the way one must do with the new aerial rowboat. It has a gas bag roughly cigar-shaped, whose equator is much nearer the front of the bag than usual, and a light frame work supports the occupant. It is raised and lowered, propelled forward and backward by the use of a pair of wing-like oars. By the use of weights the bag can be made to raise just an additional weight half a pound less than that of the occupant. Then gravity is overcome by the use of the oars. Anyone who understands how to row can operate the aerial rowboat, but so far no experienced aeronaut has tried the machine, although several hundred people have rowed up and down the park in Los Angeles, Cal., where the boat is being tested. The bag is 37 feet long and 15 feet wide at its equator. To raise the car and an occupant weighing 150 pounds 2,500 cubic feet of gas is sufficient. A speed of from four to six miles an hour has been attained by good oarsmen.

Woman Whaler.

The wife of a whaling captain recently proceeded to sea with her husband, from New Bedford, Mass., on a two years' cruise, she having signed articles as assistant navigator, and being entitled to wages and bonus. Actually she will do the navigating, working out the bark's position every day, and if anything befall her husband she would be capable of taking the vessel home. "The only woman sailor who goes to the whaling grounds," is the title conferred on the captain's wife. The women of New Bedford gave her a reception shortly before she sailed and eight retired captains escorted her out of the harbor,

PETITIONS FOR TROUSERS.

Boy Uses Novel Method to Induce Parents to Take Him Out of Knickerbockers.

Chicago.—Municipal ownership and referendum petition advocates have their eyes on the home of N. Banks Cregier, son of a former mayor of Chicago. Ellsworth B. Cregier, the 15-year-old boy of the home, who secured the name of 50 experienced fathers and mothers to a petition asking his parents to take him from knickerbockers and provide long trousers, will probably run for alderman in his ward if his unique method of carrying his point is successful.

Ellsworth is a student of the Lake View high school, where he says he is ridiculed because he still wears short trousers, although he is five feet five and one-half inches tall. He tried to induce his mother and father to secure long trousers for him, but to no avail. They said he had to wait eight months more, until his sixteenth birthday.

Rather than continue a sufferer in the Fauntleroy bloomers, he circulated the following petition among the tenants of the Nordica building at 736 Fullerton avenue, where the Cregier family lives:

"To Mrs. N. B. Cregier: We, the undersigned, do most earnestly advise and request the application of long pants to Ellsworth B. Cregier as a public necessity, he being in his sixteenth year (or nearly so) and five feet five and one-half inches in height by measurement, and to this end we affix our signature."

When everybody in the building had signed young Cregier went outside to other friends. He soon got 50 names. The petition was presented and the long trousers obtained.

EARTH TO RESEMBLE MARS

Flammarion Believes Martians Have Reached Stage of Development Undreamt Of.

Paris.—Camille Flammarion, the famous author and astronomer, in an interview in one of the Paris papers, draws an extremely attractive picture of life in Mars. After pointing out that no one can predict what weather Paris will have next week, while it is known to an utmost certainty what kind of weather Mars will have a fortnight in advance, Flammarion goes on to say that there are many advantages in favor of the Martians.

First of all, he says, it would be difficult for any human species to be less intelligent than ours, seeing that we do not know how to control ourselves. A second reason is that progress is an absolute law which nothing can resist, and as the inhabitants of Mars are older than we are, they may represent what we shall be in several millions of years. A third circumstance in their favor is that they are in a better position than we are to free themselves from the heaviness of matter. Martians weigh less and their years are twice as long as those on earth. Finally, climatic conditions on Mars appear to be much more agreeable.

Flammarion declares that the hypothesis that Mars is inhabited by an intellectual race, much superior to our own, is growing stronger every year as astronomical observations become more and more precise.

KITE IN AIRSHIP FLIGHT.

Canadian Ascends in Safety with Prof. Bell's Invention—Calls It "Eeest King."

Halifax, N. S.—Prof. Alexander Graham Bell thinks he is a step nearer the attainment of his ambition to perfect a flying machine based on the tetrahedral kite principle. He has been experimenting in this direction for several years on his estate of Beinn Bhreagh, Cape Breton.

Recently he succeeded in getting his latest designed kite, which he has named "Frost King," to lift Neill McDermid, weighing 165 pounds, to a height of 30 feet, and support him there as steadily as if glued to the sky. This kite is named in honor of Walter Archer Frost, of Keenan, Wis., who recently was married to Miss Susan Winifred McCurdy, Mr. Bell's private secretary.

The kite, which is constructed of 1,200 tetrahedral cells having a total area of 752 square feet of silk, making a supporting surface of 440 square feet, carried aloft not only its own weight of 61 pounds, but also a load comprising flying lines, dangling ropes and a rope ladder, making 62 pounds more, together with McDermid, a man of 165 pounds, a total altogether of 288 pounds.

Imports in 1905.

The total appraised value of merchandise handled by Appraiser Whitehead of the United States customs office at New York last year was \$705,011,497, an increase of \$72,500,000 over 1904, according to a statement. The chief lines of foreign merchandise and their appraised values were: Sugar, \$71,000,000; wool and woolen goods, \$64,000,000; coffee and cocoa, \$60,000,000; precious stones and pearls, \$37,000,000; cigars and tobacco, \$15,000,000; wines and liquors, \$11,000,000, and 1,054 automobiles, valued at \$1,000,000.

Eccentric, That's All.

Mrs. Burke-Roche's father says he will disinherit her if she doesn't pay him more respect and live within her allowance of \$60,000 a year. He is an old man now, and the lady will probably regard his closeness as one of the eccentricities of advanced age.

Ada Opera House

Blind Headache

"About a year ago," writes Mrs. Mattie Allen, of 1123 Broadway, Augusta, Ga., "I suffered with blind, sick headaches and backaches, and could get no relief until I tried

WINE OF CARDUI

Woman's Relief

I immediately commenced to improve, and now I feel like a new woman, and wish to recommend it to all sick women, for I know it will cure them, as it did me."

Cardui is pure, medicinal extract of vegetable herbs, which relieves female pains, regulates female functions, tones up the organs to a proper state of health. Try it for your trouble.

WRITE US FREELY

and frankly, describing your symptoms. We will consider your case and give you free advice (in plain sealed envelope). Don't hesitate, but write today. Address: Ladies' Advisory Dept., The Chattanooga Medicine Co., Chattanooga, Tenn.

Every druggist sells it in \$1.00 bottles.



HEALTH AND VITALITY

DR. MOTT'S KIDNEY PILLS
The greatest iron and tonic pill and restorative for men and women, promotes strength and vitality, builds up the system and removes the natural weakness, brings health and happiness. 60 doses in a box. For sale by all druggists. Price 50c per box.

To Aid the Southwest

Have you seen the new magazine, Southwest?

It is published in St. Louis (formerly the Frisco Magazine).

It is published by a Southwest man, contains stories of the Southwest and articles of interest to Southwest people, contributed by Southwest writers. It circulates in the Southwest, and contains the advertisements of Southwest firms. It will aid the Southwest in all her aims—for more people, for more factories, for advantageous legislation—for investment, immigration and irrigation.

Aid the work and benefit yourself by subscribing. Send 50c. for a year, 25c. for six months, or a postal for a sample copy FREE.

We also answer free of charge, inquiries from persons interested in settling or investing in the Southwest and furnish advertising rates on application. Address

Southwest, 1021 Frisco Building, St. Louis

Otis B. Weaver Fire Insurance Agent

Represents several old line companies with practically unlimited capital, all of whom will positively meet any rate and in some instances write fire insurance much cheaper.

With such companies, several years experience and an expert fire writer in office, your business is solicited.

Otis B. Weaver Fire Insurance Agent

LOCAL NEWS

Subscribe for The News.

H. Shelton went south on Frisco last night.

Dr. Bisant, dentist, phone 185. tf 198

A. F. Lanier and family of Conway took the train for Madill.

See P. K. Smith for up-to-now photo work. 152-tf

J. W. Dean arrived home from a trip south.

For fine confectionery and fruits the Elite leads. 26t 244

J. H. Smith of Roff was shopping in town.

Mr. and Mrs. S. W. Lanham were in from Center today.

The Elite Cafe serves the best short orders in the city. 26t 244

Governor Byrd returned from a trip to Oklahoma City.

J. E. McLaughlin was in town from Sulphur.

Dr. B. H. Erb, surgeon dentist, Henley & Biles building. 233 tf

M. Troy of Paris, Texas, is registered at the Harris.

A. M. Waddell of Roff was in town.

W. A. Alexander and little niece came in from Stonewall to spend Sunday.

Wedding announcements—the uptodate kind—at the News office. 11

Miss Myrtle Umphress, after visiting Miss Alma Sims, returned to Claremore.

Mr. Byron Hill of Whitesboro, Texas, stopped over to see his old friend, Rev. Chandler.

Frank Jones returned home this morning from a several days' visit in Texas.

Wedding invitations—latest styles—turned out at the News office. 11

Mrs. W. M. Wilson came down from Francis today to visit her daughters.

Mrs. Mary Lancaster returned today from a visit with her son, Tom Lancaster, at Parkell.

R. J. McCain, a good citizen of Europa, Miss., is a new subscriber to Ada's great weekly.

Dr. S. A. Steel will fill the Methodist pulpit Sunday forenoon by reason of the sickness of Pastor Rippey.

Mrs. D. Ryne, who has been visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Blocker, returned to Sulphur today.

W. A. Hollifield and W. G. Broadfoot got home this forenoon from the hardware men's convention at Kansas City.

FOR RENT:—Two fine rooms for light housekeeping; also room for young men; one block of town. See Nash, at shoe store. 253-tf

Miss Ella Snelson, who has been the guest of Mrs. Ross of North Ada, returned home to Roff this forenoon.

Mr. and Mrs. D. F. Armistead of Ft. Worth, who have been visiting Mr. Lem Burford and family, returned home today.

Mrs. W. J. Martin and little son, Will Brown, returned home today after a months' visit at her old Kentucky home.

Miss Myrtle Umphress of Madill came up yesterday afternoon for a short visit with her friend, Miss Alma Sims.

Get your baking powder and one of those special premiums at The Union Pacific Tea store. Goods delivered to any part of the city. Phone 52. 4t 258

A. B. McBride of Ada took advantage of the clubbing rates and subscribed for the Ada Weekly News and the Dallas Weekly News.

Just received a nice line of spring dress goods, also a beautiful line of sofa pillow cords, zephyrs and other fancy work materials at Westcott's. 4t 258

Buy your coffee, teas, extracts and spices of the Union Pacific Tea Co. and get some of those handsome presents. Goods delivered to any part of the city. 4t 258

J. N. Merriman and children arrived today from Mayfield, Ken., to make their home in this country. He was looking for his son, H. P., who lives about four miles out.

Rev. Williams has returned from a meeting of the Board of Trustees of Austin College at Sherman. He reports a fine body of students and a prosperous year of college work by an able faculty in his alma mater.

Mr. J. P. Porter, from Bolivar county, Miss., has recently purchased property in North Ada and established a home in our midst. We heartily welcome him and his family to the city. He will keep in touch with his new neighbors through the Evening News.

For Sale.

I will sell at private sale my household goods, are all nearly new, as follows:

One \$75 bed room suit, two iron beds, springs and mattresses. One chiffonier.

Three center tables. Cot and mattress. Childs bed. Carpets and matting.

Two rockers, dining table, chairs. Cook stove and cabinet.

One nearly new Wilson heater. One Back's heater.

Jo Gill. 2t 260

Better Service On M. K. & T.

The public will be gratified to learn that the M. K. & T. will on Sunday make such changes in its schedule as to provide much better service between Oklahoma City and Atoka. It is made public, the new time card between Oklahoma City and the North, but it is not learned exactly what change will follow on the Atoka line.

Attention Carpenters.

All members of Local Union No. 1752 are earnestly requested to meet at Labor Hall Wednesday night, Jan. 24, 1906. Business of importance demands your attention.

Come, regardless of your standing. And all others who are in favor of United Brotherhood, come. 4t 260

N. T. Tucker, F. S.

LADIES! I make from \$18 to \$30 per week and want you to have the same opportunity. The work is very pleasant and will pay for even your spare time. I speak from experience, as I have often made \$10 in a single day. This is no deception. I want no money and will gladly send full particulars free to all. Address, Mrs. W. W. Mitchell, Box 10, Portland, Maine. 1t 260

Died.

Alfred Turnbo, of North Ada, died this morning of typhoid pneumonia. He was eighteen years of age and has been working as hostler for Dr. Browall. Interment will take Sunday at 11 a. m. in Rosedale Cemetery.

Accept No Substitute.

There is nothing just as good for malaria, chills and fever as Dr. Mendenhall's Chill and Fever Cure. Take it as a general tonic and at all times in place of quinine. If it fails to give satisfaction Clark Drug Co. will refund your money.

Annual Convention Retail Hardware and Implement Dealers Association of Texas, Dallas, Texas, January 23 to 25, 1906. For this occasion the Frisco will sell tickets at \$6.80 for the round trip. Tickets on sale Jan. 22, 23 and 24, limit for return Jan. 27th, 1906. I. McNair, Agent, Ada, I. T.

Cheap Rates to Denver.

Will sell daily until May 31st round trip tickets to the above point at greatly reduced rates. Tickets limited to May 31st, except tickets sold during month of May to be limited thirty days. For full information see Frisco agent or address

I. McNair, Agent, Ada, I. T. D. C. Farrington, T. P. A., Oklahoma City, Okla. F. E. Clark, D. P. A., Wichita, Kansas.

For Cash ONLY

50-lb U. S. Flour.....	\$1.20
50-lb Gilt Edge Flour.....	1.00
Corn per can.....	.5c
White Swan Corn per can.....	10c
3 cans Pumpkin.....	.25c
3 cans Blackberries 25c or 6 for.....	.45c
3 cans Strawberries 25c or 6 for.....	.45c
3 cans Gooseberries 25c or 6 for.....	.45c
2 cans Muscat Grapes.....	.25c
2 cans Table Peaches.....	.25c
2 cans Green Gage Plums.....	.25c
20 lb Lima Beans.....	\$1.00
1-gal can Scuders Maple Syrup.....	\$1.20
50-lb can Lard.....	\$4.00

Will Sell Anything We Have at Cost.

R. S. TOBIN.

Sickening Shivering Fits

of ague and Malaria, can be relieved and cured with Electric Bitters. This is a pure, tonic medicine; of especial benefit in malaria, for it exerts a true curative influence on the disease, driving it entirely out of the system. It is much to be preferred to quinine, having none of this drug's bad after-effects. E. S. Munday, of Henrietta, Texas, writes: "My brother was very low with malarial fever and jaundice, till he took Electric Bitters, which saved his life. At Clark Drug Co., and Dr. F. Z. Holley. Price 50c, guaranteed.

Spoiled Her Beauty.

Harriet Howard, of 209 W. 34, St., New York, at one time had her beauty spoiled with skin trouble. She writes: "I had salt rheum or eczema for years, but nothing would cure it, until I used Bucklen's Arnica Salve." A quick and sure healer for cuts, burns and sores. 25c at Clark Drug Store, and Dr. F. Z. Holley.

Doctors Indorse it

Lang Bros., Druggists, Paducah, Ky., write: "We sell more of Dr. Mendenhall's Chill and Fever Cure than all other remedies combined, having, retailed over 700 bottles in one season. Physicians here prescribe it and persons who once use it have no other. Sold by Clark Drug Co.

Greatly In Demand.

Nothing is more in demand than a medicine which meets modern requirements for a blood and system cleanser, such as Dr. King's New Life Pills. They are just what you need to cure stomach and liver troubles. Try them. At Clark Drug Co., and

"Here lies mine babe, as dead as nits, Whom Gott has kilt mit ager fits. He would not let him live mit me. So took him up to live mit He." The child would have lived had he been given Dr. Mendenhall's Chill and Fever Cure. Sold by Clark Drug Co.

Peter Schuttler wagon will give you satisfaction, Reed & Harrison. 19-wt

Great Bargains in REAL ESTATE

I have the following bargains in real estate which if taken in the next 30 days will be sold at reduced prices:

IMPROVED PROPERTY. Four 25-foot lots on East Main St. One lot and building known as the mayor's office.

VACANT PROPERTY. Two 50-foot lots on West Main St. 10-acre block adjoining Ada, with new 5-room house and outbuildings. Two 50-foot lots on East Sixth St.

J. M. BRUNNER,

Citizens National Bank Building.

DR. THOS. H. GRANGER, D.D.S.,

Manager, DOSS & GRANGER

Pioneer Dental Office

ESTABLISHED 1901. OVER FIRST NATIONAL BANK. PHONE 212.

HENRY M. FURMAN, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.

Will do a general Civil and Criminal Practice.

Office in Duncan Building.

WANTS

FOR SALE:—An old stove, good for another year or two, for \$1.00. Ada News. 2t 261

FOR RENT:—5-room house on 16th street. \$10 per month. H. C. Thompson, over Ada Nat'l Bank. 5t 258

FOR RENT:—Two fine rooms for light housekeeping; also room for young men; one block of town. See Nash, at shoe store. 253-tf

FOR SALE:—Mules to sell on time. U. G. Winn. tf 250

FOR SALE:—Two large fine mules; one nearly new three inch wagon; one set splendid wagon harness, for cash. Apply to Sol Moss. 246-tf

Again We Have Low Rates

To Washington, D. C. and return, account Joint Statehood Delegation, via the Frisco System. The Frisco selected as the official route.

Rate: One fare for round trip. Date: January 25th, 1906. Limit: 30 days.

From: All stations in Oklahoma and Indian Territory.

Through Cars. For further particulars call on your Frisco Agent or write,

L. C. Farrington, T. P. A., Oklahoma City, Okla. F. E. Clark, D. P. A., Wichita, Kansas.

Excursions to Florida and Cuba.

Will sell daily until April 30th 1906, low rate round trip tickets from all stations to certain points in Florida and Cuba, also to certain points in Alabama, Georgia, Louisiana, Mississippi and South Carolina. Return limit, June 1st 1906. Through sleepers and Fred Harvey meals.

Let us furnish you rates, schedules, descriptive literature and other information.

I. McNair, Agent, Ada, I. T. F. E. Clark, D. P. A., Wichita, Kansas.

TIME OF TRAINS

ADA, I. T.

THE RIGHT TRAINS BETWEEN

St. Louis, Hannibal, Kansas City, Junction City, Oklahoma City, In the North,

Houston, Dallas, Fort Worth, San Antonio, Galveston, in Texas,

and all points beyond.

NORTH BOUND.

No. 112 Express, daily.....4 05 p m

No. 564 Local, except Sunday.....11 53 a m

SOUTH BOUND.

No. 111 Express, daily.....11 53 a m

No. 563 Local, except Sunday.....2 16 p m

PROTECT YOUR BOOKS!

They're too valuable to be strewn about the room or house exposed to dust and damage! Of course you can't help it, if your book-case is full and of the old style solid construction. Better get rid of such a case, or start a new one that will always accommodate your books without being either too large or too small—one that grows with your library and always fits it. The

Globe-Wernicke

"Elastic" Book-Case

is the original and only up-to-date sectional book-case and is made by the largest manufacturers of such goods in the world. It's furnished in a variety of grades, sizes and prices, adapted to any and all requirements. It's a system of units, each unit fitted with the perfection dust-proof roller-bearing door. But we'll be glad to show them if you call, or will send illustrated catalogue on request.

Sold By

W. C. DUNCAN.

65c

50c

10c

10c

10c

10c

10c

10c

10c

10c

10c

10c

10c

10c

10c

10c

10c

10c

CITY BARBER SHOP,

D. A. DORSEY, Prop.

First Class Work Guaranteed. Hair Cut 25c, Shave 10c.

South Side Main St., Ada, I. T.

ADA STEAM LAUNDRY CO.

Is given up to be best. Do

Largest Agency Work

of any plant in this Territory:

Reed & Harrison

Wholesale Buggies

The Best Makes; the Lowest Prices.

COAL! COAL!

REMEMBER we are still in the Coal Business and handle the best grades of Lehigh and McAlester Coal, and will sell it on a close margin. We also carry in stock stove, heater and coard wood. PHONE 246.

ADA COAL CO.

FOLLOW THE CROWD

They are going to get their fall suits and trousers at the

NEW TAILOR

shop in the rear of CHAPMAN'S shoe store. Swellest, snappiest line of woollens ever shown in Ada, so cheap too.

Quality and fit guaranteed. High class cleaning, steam dyeing, ladies' and mens' clothing.

NASH, the Tailor.

TIME CARD.

Ada, Ind. Ter.

EAST BOUND TRAINS.

No. 510 Meteor, 4:48 p. m.

No. 512 Eastern Exp. 9:45 a. m.

No. 542 Local Freight, 3:45 p. m.

WEST BOUND TRAINS.

No. 509 Meteor 9:00 a. m.

No. 511 Texas Pass 9:05 p. m.

No. 541 Local Freight 7:45 a. m.

Local freight trains carry passengers provided with permits. Ten per cent saved on the purchase of round trip tickets.

I. McNair, Agent.

Golf Tournament.

Mexico City, Mexico, January 1906. For this occasion the Frisco will make rate of one fare for the round trip. Tickets on sale Jan. 1st, to 12th, inclusive. Final limit for return Feb. 28th, 1906. I. McNair Agt, Ada, I. T.

WARRANTED SHEARS

Eigh-Inch

50c

Big bargains in

Tinware and

Enamelledware

Large enameled dishpan 50c

Enamelled ladle 10c

Baking pans 10c

Examine our stock and compare our prices.

Thanking you for past patronage and respectfully asking a continuance of same,

I am yours respectfully,

S. M. Shaw, Prop

The

Nickel Store.

The 5c and 10c store of Ada, I. T.

New location on Main street third door west of Rollow's corner.

Phone 77.

5c

10c

10c

10c

10c

10c

10c

10c

10c

THE NICKEL STORE

SMALL PROFITS

QUICK SALES CASH

We do not sell on credit to anyone, no matter how wealthy or how honest. Please do not embarrass us by asking.

We have moved to Main street, third door from Rollow's corner. A better house in which to show our goods.

Our Stationery Department

This is, has been and will be one of the most successful in the store. We sell pens, ink, mucilage, glue, composition books, ledgers, journals, day books. Tablets, both for pencil and ink, ruled or unruled.

5c

We also in this department keep slates, slate pencils, ink stands, school boxes and school supplies. Come here for your school books. Any book used in town or country and we can save you money on them.

A complete, always up-to-date line of novels; standard authors

10c

Small Things

Hair pins, wire and horn, back combs, side combs, ladies' gents and childrens stockings, towels, darning cotton. Needles, Milward's gold eye at 4c per paper.

Hardware

Sargeant's food chopper, chops meat, vegetables, etc., ordinarily called sausage grinders,

\$1.24

No. 1 steel traps, with chain 15c

Curry combs 5c and 10c

Tack hammers 5c and 10c

Pluck and Adventure.

SIBERIAN HOSPITALITY.

DETAINED at the Siberian village of Krivochokov, Mons. Jules Legras remembered that he had a letter to a notable of that place, and hastened to present it.

Monsieur Gautier, in his book on Russia, describes, in Monsieur Legras' own words, the cordial hospitality with which he was received, and also tells of the difficulty which concluded his charming visit.

"They had detained me till 10 o'clock in the evening," he writes, "by repeating, 'Why are you in a hurry?' and I was on the point of making my departure when I heard the mistress of the house say in a low voice to her husband, 'Shall I send for the carriage?' To which he replied, 'No.' At this word a shiver passed over me. Doubtless this host, who had made me send away the coachman, was unaware of what his refusal meant, else he would have said to me, 'Here is a sofa; sleep here.'"

"My situation was perilous, but what could I do? At the end of a few moments I rose to take my leave, and having asked if I could get a cab, was met with the reply that at this hour none could be obtained.

"Krivochokov is a village whose population constitutes the very floss and jetsam of Siberian civilization. The village has neither streets nor lights nor police. It is considered a cutthroat spot, where honest people shut themselves tight at night.

"I had neither stick nor revolver, and I had on me a large sum of money. Finally, I was ignorant of the exact position of my inn, situated over a mile away. First of all, dogs threw themselves upon me. I shook them off, and started as best I could.

"The night was inky black. Amid the irregular clusters of houses there was no regular street by which to guide myself. As I hesitated I heard a 'Who is that?' It was a watchman of a pile of wood who hailed me. He directed me, and giving me a large branch that would do for a stick, he said, 'You are wrong, Barine, to go about this way without a revolver; the place is not safe. May God protect you!'

"As I approached another cluster of houses a watchman sounded his rattle menacingly, and dogs flew at me savagely. When this watchman approached, I induced him to accompany me. He informed me that the evening before a traveler who was staying at my hotel, having started early to catch a train, had been assassinated about ten paces from there. Finally we reached the inn. It took a long time to make them open the door, but I finally got inside and reached my room, trembling with fever and fatigue, and fell down helplessly, only conscious of having passed an hour and a half whose remembrance will remain with me long. As for my amiable host, whose hospitality might have cost me my life, he will doubtless never know of this adventure."

A HEROIC DEED.

One of the men who joined the Colonial forces which were battling for the freedom of Texas was John Ingram. During the siege of Gonzales, says the author of "With the Makers of Texas," he performed a feat of heroism which is yet remembered.

The Texans, favored by a dark night, opened an entrenchment on the right side of the river, within 400 or 500 feet of the Alamo, and at daylight the next morning the twelve-pounder, supported by the company to which Ingram belonged, began to thunder.

The Mexicans were not slow to reply, but in a short time the fire on both sides slackened in consequence of a dense fog which completely concealed every object beyond the distance of a few yards.

After the fog dissolved, the cannonade on both sides was renewed. At length the artillerymen of the twelve-pounder announced that their powder was exhausted. It was immediately asked, "Who will go to the camp for powder?"

Without a moment's hesitation Ingram volunteered for the perilous service. The Texan camp was about half a mile from the batteries, Ingram leaped out of the ditch and ran.

Five field-pieces were bearing on him from the walls of the Alamo, and a thousand infantrymen were marshaled outside the walls within easy musketry-range of the intrepid messenger. His course for 400 yards was over an open field before he could gain the cover of a mill-race which led to the camp.

Simultaneously the five cannon hurled at him their iron missiles. At the next instant a thousand muskets poured a leaden shower round him, but Ingram sped on, and reached the mill-race unharmed.

He did not pause until he reached the quarter-master's tent, where, seizing a keg of powder and placing it on his shoulder, he left as he arrived, running.

The same perils awaited him on his return. Three swarms of iron and leaden balls again swept the plain round him, but he seemed to bear a charmed life, for he entered the entrenchments untouched, amid the buzzes and congratulations of his fellow soldiers.

SKILLAGALEE A FIGHTER.

Eighteen feet from the tip of his snout to the tail, the largest fish that was ever brought into T wharf came in on the Ida Silva, swordfishermen, having been captured after a fight only equalled by John Boyle O'Reilly's

"fight with the amber whale." For twelve miles the monster towed a dory containing Everett Dowdy and Daniel McDonald, who had harpooned it, thinking it was a swordfish. A score of times it turned and attacked the boat, a hundred times it sought the bottom, endeavoring to pull the frail dory down after it, and only being prevented by the length of the harpoon rope.

The fish was styled a skillagalee or large billfish by the authorities on T wharf, but never before was one of that species known to grow to half its size.

All one day the animal was on exhibition at the store of the Gloucester Fish Company in Atlantic avenue, and a wondering crowd marvelled at its proportions. Its tail measured six feet when extended, its side fin was nearly two feet long, and its huge dorsal was nearly four feet. It had a sharp nose, about two feet long, as hard as a Roman sword, and its head was larger than a swordfish.

Daniel McDonald told a Journal man the story of the capture. "A week ago," he said, "in a dead calm, Dowdy and I put off in a dory. We had rowed but a short distance from the ship when we saw this fish rising, and as he reached the surface I put a harpoon into him. Then I saw that he was like no swordfish that ever lived. He tore around in the water, creating enormous waves, and then dashed at the boat. He hit it a number of times with his body, but his sword was so short in proportion that he was unable to use it.

"Then he started to run away. The line grew taut, and we tore through the water like a torpedo boat. Twenty knots we did, if we did one, and dories aren't made to stand a strain like that.

"After a while it tried to ease up, but each time we pulled taut on the rope. This finally tired him out. He was bleeding all the time, and at last, five hours after we harpooned him, he turned over. Then we started to pull back to the ship. She was fully ten miles away, and the monster, which weighed 1400 pounds, was not easy to move, even in the water. We finally got back, completely tired out. It was a great victory."—Boston Journal.

A DEED OF REAL CHIVALRY.

The noblest act which the author of "An Observer in the Philippines" saw in his journeyings was not performed on the battlefield, nor yet in the hospital, civil or military. But it was the spirit of self-sacrifice displayed by one American physician toward another—a man whom he did not know even by sight.

On the Logan were a young doctor and his wife and three small children. When we boarded the Sherman we saw the children and their father, from whom we learned that the mother had without any warning developed tuberculosis. An examination ordered by the surgeon of the department resulted not only in directing the immediate return of the mother and children, but also in the recommendation that the husband should accompany them. When the request was made to the surgeon of the division, great difficulty was experienced in securing the desired permission.

Another physician, who had been three years in the Philippines, and had secured a stateroom upon the Sherman, was so impressed by the apparent need of his brother physician, whom he had never seen, that he did all in his power to aid him. It was said that there was no room on the Sherman for the family; that all the staterooms were taken.

"Then I will give up mine for them, for I feel that they should go home."

"The doctor cannot be spared. He has only recently come to the Philippines, and we need his services."

"I have served three years, and want to go home very much, but I will take his place, and serve his three years, in order that he may go," was the reply of Dr. Patton.

Later it was found that an arrangement could be made which would allow the husband a leave of absence for one month after reaching San Francisco.

When one considers the trying climate of the Philippines and the arduous service which an army physician is called upon to perform, he is glad to lift his hat to Dr. Patton.

POINT OF VIEW.

"Yes, indeed, we have some queer little incidents happen to us," said the engineer. "A queer thing happened to me about a year ago. You'd think it a queer thing for a rough man like me to cry for ten minutes, and nobody hurt either, wouldn't you? Well, I did, and I almost cry every time I think of it.

"I was running along one afternoon pretty lively, when I approached a little village where the track cuts through the street. I slacked up a little, but was still making good speed, when suddenly about twenty rods ahead of me a little girl not more than three years old toddled onto the track. You can't even imagine my feelings. There was no way to save her. It was impossible to stop, or even slack much, at that distance, as the train was heavy and the grade descending. In ten seconds it would have been all over, and after reversing and applying the brake I shut my eyes. I didn't want to see any more.

"As we slowed down my fireman stuck his head out of the cab window to see what I had stopped for, when he laughed and shouted to me: 'Jim, look here!' I looked, I looked, and there was a big, black Newfoundland dog holding the little girl in his mouth, leisurely walking toward the house where she evidently belonged. She was kicking and crying, so that I knew she wasn't hurt, and the dog had saved her. My fireman thought it funny and kept laughing, but I cried like a woman. I just couldn't help it. I had a little girl of my own at home."—Catholic Home Companion.



CORN PUDDING.

A smoking corn pudding is a pleasant sight, when the mercury is low. Scrape a dozen ears of full-grown corn by slitting each row of kernels with a sharp knife, and then with the back of the knife scraping all the soft part out, leaving the empty hull on the cob. Add a pint of milk, a cup of sugar, a teaspoonful of salt and a tablespoonful of melted butter. Bake three hours in a moderate oven. This dish may be prepared in winter from canned corn, and makes an excellent variety in vegetables to serve with meat if the sugar is left out.

BAKERS' CUSTARD PIE.

Beat up the yolks of three eggs to a cream. Stir thoroughly a tablespoonful of sifted flour into three tablespoonfuls of sugar; this separates the particles of flour so that there will be no lumps; then add to it the beaten yolks, put in a pinch of salt, a teaspoonful of vanilla and a little grated nutmeg; next the well beaten whites of the eggs; and lastly, a pint of scalded milk (not boiled) which has been cooled; mix this in by degrees and turn all into a deep pie pan, lined with puff paste, and bake from twenty-five to thirty minutes.

STEWED SIRLOIN OF BEEF.

After the fillet has been taken out carefully remove the bones of the sirloin. Spread it flat on a table, strew over it a little salt and pepper, and then cover the inside with thin slices of striped bacon. Lay it on a thick iron saucepan, nearly its size. Add the bones and as much beef broth as will nearly cover the joint. As soon as it has boiled a few minutes and been well skimmed, throw in a large bunch of savory herbs, leeks and one onion, stuck with a dozen cloves. An hour later add two blades of mace and half a dozen peppercorns. Stew the beef very gently from four to five hours, or longer. Serve with brown caper sauce. Add what sauce may be needed before the vegetables are thrown in, and after the meat is lifted out of the liquor in which it has been stewed, it will make a very good sauce.

APPLE PIE.

This pie as usually made is very unsatisfactory, but with a little care it may be made a dessert of rare excellence. The apples, which should be of good texture and fine flavor, should be pared and quartered—not sliced; then, if the apples are large, divide each quarter into three parts; if small, into two parts. Having lined the pie plate with good crust, arrange the apples in it in an orderly and compact manner, making the centre a little higher than the sides. If a large pie is desired mix a tablespoonful of flour with a cup nearly full of sugar, a few gratings of nutmeg or lemon, and a half teaspoonful of cinnamon, or any preferred flavoring, and sprinkle this mixture over the apples. Now add four tablespoonfuls of water, and put on the top crust. Wet the edges of the under crust, pinch the top one upon it, and prick the top several times with a fork, or slash it in the centre. Bake nearly an hour in a moderate oven. This pie is best the day it is baked. A small pie will, of course, require less seasoning.

HINTS FOR THE HOUSEKEEPER.

Gum camphor sprinkled around the haunts of mice will keep them away.

Red ants dislike sulphur, and if it is sprinkled in places they frequent they will disappear.

Never put warm food of any kind away in a covered dish if you want it to keep well.

A tablespoonful of sugar to the stove blacking will add a very material lustre to the stove.

Velvet that has become crushed may be restored by placing the linen side over a basin of hot water.

Table linen in order to bring out the bright gloss that makes it attractive should be dampened considerably.

Green vegetables should be eaten fresh. In buying them be very careful that the leaves are crisp to the touch.

If you put a few drops of the oil of sassafras in the places frequented by black ants you will have no more trouble from them.

When boiling a cracked egg put a teaspoonful of salt into the water and you will find it cooks without any of the white part leaving the shell.

See that the water boils, adding one teaspoonful of salt to every quart of water. Always keep the saucepan uncovered when boiling green vegetables.

About twenty minutes is the usual time to cook green vegetables. Ten minutes is sufficient for green peas, while some cabbages take nearly an hour.

A soft chamois skin soaked in cold water and then wrung dry is the ideal duster. It can be used on the finest furniture, and it will leave a clean, bright surface.

Sponge off the leaves of a rubber plant with milk, it makes them glossy and bright. A very good tonic for the rubber plant is to dig a circle around its roots and put in a tablespoonful of castor oil once a month.



SATISFACTION.

To get just what we ask for. May sometimes make us sore. And we may kick ourselves because We didn't ask for more.

DUPLICATES.

She—"Did your sister get any duplicate wedding presents?" He—"Yes; she married a widower with two boys."—Chicago Journal.

WOMAN'S WAY.

"Why don't Grace marry George?" "She thinks he's hardly good enough for her."

"Then why not let him go?" "Well, she thinks he's a little too good for any other girl."

A MINOR DETAIL.

"Yes, it was a delightful wedding. All the Astorbills and Vanderfellers and Rockergoulds were there."

"And who were the contracting parties?" "Really, do you know, I quite forgot to inquire."

KNEW WOMAN NATURE.

"Jim," said the department store manager, "you know that lot of open-work ladies' stockings left over from last summer?"

"Yes, sir." "Mark 'em up fifty per cent. and label 'em 'Common Sense Winter Hosiery.'"

THE JOY OF SADNEES.

"A woman's tears are sure to find sympathy," said the kind-hearted man.

"Yes," answered the cold-blooded one. "And yet when you see a woman crying you can't be sure whether she has trouble or has been enjoying herself at a matinee."—Washington Star.

IN 1905.

When approached by the 200th questioner, the new arrival in Hades showed his irritation.

"Don't ask me again," cried he, "if they've finished that Panama canal."

"I won't," was the prompt reply. "All I wish to know is this: Have they started it yet?"

THE DIFFERENCE.



"But why do you permit your daughter to sue me for breach of promise when you were so bitterly opposed to our engagement because I wasn't good enough for her and would disgrace your family?"

"Ah, that was sentiment. This is business."—Ally Sloper.

NOT ON THE INSIDE.

"So Jimmy's left dat life insurance company, hey?"

"Yes; when de reform movement started in dey chopped his salary from tree a week to one-fifty."

"An' he wouldn't stand fer it?" "In course not. He said he didn't git none of de loot."

AGGRAVATING FELLOW.

"How it is possible for you to find fault with him?"

"Why not?" "Why, he appears to be a man who is absolutely without faults of any sort."

"Huh! that's his greatest fault."—Philadelphia Press.

FIRST PLACE HANDY.

"Why are you ringing that bell?" asked the neighbor of the pedler.

"I want to sell the gentleman a patent trousers hanger," replied the man with the satchel.

"No use. His wife is away and he hangs his trousers on the gas jet or the first place handy."—Chicago News.

THUS WAGS THE WORLD.

"There goes an example of a man getting down and out through no fault of his own."

"What's the sad tale?"

"He was a bank cashier. His fool friends got to calling him 'Honest John.' The name stuck, and after that nobody would give him a job."—Philadelphia Bulletin.

WELCOMED THE IMPROVEMENT.

Clerk (of a crowded hotel)—"The best we've got, Mr. Belknap, is a cot in an upper back hallway. Will you take that?"

Guest—"Sure. Much obliged for your offering me the best you've got in the house. I was afraid you were going to put me in that dinky first floor bedroom I had when I was here last."—Chicago Tribune.



THE RINGS OF GRANDMOTHER.

Grandmother liked her finger rings to look neat and very refined. That is why the extraordinary showy ones of yesterday, with their huge stones and gorgeous settings, are declining in favor, and simple hoops and half loops are coming into fashion again. The stones are cut all of the same size, and are set quite close together, so that they produce very little show, but look exceedingly well.

But that is not the only way in which the women of this generation are copying their clever grandmothers. They are displaying their jewelry in divers forms, though it must be remembered that the jewelers are not quite so generous as to permit them to wear exactly the same large brooches and wide bracelets that were modish years and years ago. That would not be at all good for trade. But it is often quite possible to have a family treasure such as cameo rose in modern guise, or to take from an ancient and too heavy bracelet the big amethyst that figured in it as the principal gem and adapt it to the requirements of the moment, say, as a pendant or brooch.

Some women occupy their time very pleasantly and profitably delving and diving into the old curiosity shops, where such things as bead necklaces, curious old girdles, set with seashore stones like agate and carnelian, and like quaint gew-gaws are stored away. These they are adapting to their needs with excellent results.—London Mail.

ORDER MAN.

A new and complicated problem now confronts the housekeepers and they have taken the alarm. Most of the groceries and markets in the large cities send their men daily to the houses of their regular patrons to get orders. This system extends also to the suburban establishments.

Apartment houses frequently have a number of tenants who buy from the same place. They have an agent for their special use and the groceryman or butcher makes the rounds daily. Some men have been working long enough to know every servant in the city.

Servants apparently satisfied have grown sulky, suggested higher wages and secured them or gone. Others have complained of overwork. Some have inexplicably resigned and then made their appearance in the establishment of some neighbor.

The good name of the house-to-house man has been questioned and complaints relative to his busibodiness have gone from many sources to the storekeepers. He is almost the only survivor who might carry news from house to house and by him the information diffused throughout the fashionable residential portion of the city and in similar quarters outside the city.

Whether he will eventually go or remain depends upon the number of future disturbances that can be traced directly or indirectly to him.—New Haven Register.

TUNIC SKIRTS.

The tunic skirt, which is nothing more less than the skirt and overskirt of old, and the basque of long time memory are the two innovations that are bidding for leadership in the fashions. The tunic, as yet, preserves long, straight lines, its bottom edge often being bordered with a band of contrasting material to mark its separateness from the skirt below it. As to the basque, it is seen frequently on pretty dance frocks, dinner gowns and on ultra fashionable cloth tailor-made. In the latter capacity the basque is not popular. It is, of course, made of material like the skirt, and a cloth waist is no longer considered a thing of beauty. Made of cloth, the old-fashioned dart returns again. This can, of course, be covered with trimmings, but this style, as has been said, is not a favorite. In pretty house dresses of all sorts, however, the basque, showing to perfection the graceful lines and curves of the figure, is growing in popularity. It is always very short on the hips, and has a tail that falls in one quite deep point or in postilion shape.

A great many little separate coats, bodices, or what one likes to call them, are found in evening costumes over lace skirts. Some of these garments partake of the basque style, being fitted perfectly and having peplums of various sorts and lengths. The peplums are of coat shape when the bodice is of a contrasting material, and either of hip length or quite long, the tail sometimes falling in with the train. These separate bodices are made of plain or figured satins or of panne velvet, and are used over lace skirts. They add to economical possibilities for the girl of moderate income, since remnants and left-overs are more easily run into service than when a costume is all of one kind.

The suspended dress, under another title the "valentine dress," is still a favorite with the girls who show their good sense by not tiring of anything so becoming and useful.

WOMEN IN WORK.

The London Mail, drawing attention to a statement of its New York correspondent concerning the extent to which the labor of women is replacing that of men, asks: Is such a process

of substitution a good or a bad thing for the workers themselves and for the State to which they belong? If men, who generally require higher pay because they have, as a rule, to bring up a family, are crowded out of work to make way for women, who take lower wages because they are prepared to accept celibacy as their lot or because they receive from their parents as a free gift some part of their cost of living, the result would unquestionably be deplorable. It would mean that the social organism was committing slow suicide. The male portion of the population would be less and less able to marry because it would lack the wage-earning power to maintain a wife and family. The female portion would be exempt from the economic pressure which must candidly be admitted, in perhaps numerous cases, to be one of the causes that lead women to accept marriage.

Thus where women were largely employed we should expect the birth-rate to fall, as it is falling in England and the United States, and the number of unemployed male clerks to increase to enormous proportions, as it is reported to have done in England. If, however, we look at the evidence of general statistics, it is not proved that the substitution of female for male labor has gone to very serious lengths.

It would seem that while the openings for women have increased, and are increasing in the modern order of industry, the number of men employed fully keeps pace with the population. It may, too, be reasonably contended that the increased opportunities for women must have a salutary influence upon the race by placing women in a better economic position, and enabling them to insist upon a higher standard of morality and conduct in men before they will consent to give their hands. Women's labor is only mischievous when it reduces male labor to a parasitic position, as in the town of Dundee, where, owing to the fact that the competition of the low-wage countries of the East has to be faced, employers cannot pay men, and those who should be workers subsist upon the wages of their wives.—London Mail.

USEFULNESS OF WOMEN.

There is an immense amount of feminine talent and energy wasted in the world every day. This is not due to the indifference or the laziness of woman, for she is eager to do, to accomplish, to go out into the field of life and achieve for herself and for her kind. But she simply does not know how. One of the most important movements of the day, therefore, is the reawakening of woman, the building her up on a new basis of self-help and work for others. That movement will set loose an amount of energy and talent that will revolutionize our social life.

What I have to say concerns all our idle rich women, and does not apply in any way to women whose domestic requirements are as great as to preclude them from activity in other fields.

The question broadly is, Is woman's sphere of usefulness becoming enlarged? There is no doubt that woman's highest duty is the home, that her influence there is more powerful for the lasting good of mankind than anywhere else. But many women of high intelligence who are not married, or whose children have gone abroad into the world, carrying there the influence of their mothers' training to sweeten and strengthen their own homes, are bound by every law of morality to find a beneficial outlet for their powers.

The question, then, is not what our women can do, but what they must do. Now, the woman of to-day has demonstrated the quality of her talent, courage and endurance. Therefore there is no excuse for her not working. Just now, in civic affairs, her courage is perhaps a little in advance of her judgment. Her methods may not be so sophisticated, nor possibly so judicious as those of her brother, but one is safe in saying that her purposes are infinitely more idealistic than his, and her attitude decidedly less compromising.

Woman has brains, energy and courage, and no one has any moral right to waste time. Time is the most precious thing in the world, because it is the only thing that cannot be replaced when lost. Woman is responsible in proportion to the wealth and time at her command. While one woman is working for bread and butter, the other must devote her time to the amelioration of the condition of her laboring sister. This is the moral law.—Mrs. Russell Sage, in North American Review.

Children in Somaliland.

Children are regarded as a chief asset in the belongings of a Somali native. A man may have as many as four wives, and most of the patriarchs boast of tremendous families. One old chief of a tribe near Berbera was the head of a family consisting of twenty-three sons, twenty-nine daughters and 300 grandchildren. A father sells his daughters for camels and often builds up for himself a fortune in this way. The children are named according to the circumstances of their birth, as Wa Berri (born in the morning) or Robleh (born in the rain).

The lifting power of youth of seven-year-olds is 280 pounds.

\$30,000 STOCK Of Goods For Sale!

Beginning Thursday, January 17, and continuing for 30 days, we will sell our entire stock of dry goods, boots, shoes, hats, clothing and groceries at actual wholesale cost. Everything goes in this sale except wagons and farm implements. A large assortment of buggies is included in this cost sale. We have over-bought for the season and want to reduce our \$30,000 in the next 30 days to \$15,000. If you are "from Missouri" we can "show you" we are doing what we claim. This sale will be for spot cash--nothing will be charged--as we need the money more than we need the goods. President Roosevelt could not buy on credit from us during this sale. Opportunity knocks once at every man's door.

This is Your Opportunity

The Big Store
Reed & Harrison

ALMOST TEN MILLION BALES HAVE BEEN GINNED

Dallas, Texas, Jan. 20.—The semi-monthly bale report of the National Ginners' Association, compiled yesterday, shows that 176,496 bales have been ginned from Jan. 1 to Jan. 15, 1906, inclusive. This added to the Government's last census report shows a total of 9,897,071 bales ginned during the season of 1905-06.

President J. A. Taylor, who compiled the report, stated that the cotton territory was very generally covered and the report, therefore, should be very accurate. He said:

"Some people criticize us because we always take the figures of the Government and seem to think that we ought not to add it

to our own. We don't claim that we alone are correct. Inasmuch as we are just trying to forecast what the Government report will be, it serves our purpose to use their latest official figures."

Marriage Licenses.

Licenses were issued Friday to E. D. Williams, of Citra, aged 33, and Agnes Cochran, of Conway, aged 19; and to Edgar West, 21, and Ethel Ensley, 18, both of York. The former couple were married in the office by Deputy Clerk Constant.

Everybody.

The subject of the sermon by Rev. Fitzgerald at the Baptist Church tomorrow (Sunday) at 11 o'clock will be "How May I Know that I am a Christian." You are cordially invited.

WILLIAM J. BRYAN OF THE SAME OPINION STILL

—After leaving the Philippine islands on his way to visit India, W. J. Bryan made the following statement to the Associated Press:

"My visit to the Philippines has been very interesting and instructive and, I appreciate the facilities afforded me by the civil and military authorities for a thorough investigation of the Filipinos. This has enabled me

to collect much knowledge which I hope to use for the benefit of the American people and the Filipinos.

"The promise given by the rising generation of the natives to use the English language surpasses my expectations more than anything else.

"My views regarding the independence of the islands have not changed."

BUREAU OF STATISTICS MUST BE MUCH IMPROVED

Charles Hallam Keep, assistant secretary of the treasury and chairman of the so-called Keep commission on department methods, has submitted to the president the commission's reports of investigation of the methods employed by the bureau of statistics of the department of agriculture in estimating crops and especially the cotton crop.

The report says that in every instance, except in the case of three cotton reports in the last six years, the bureau of statistics estimates have been under-estimates. The under-estimating has been especially great in the case of cereal crops and live stock. The conclusion of the commission is that the methods of the bureau of statistics must be greatly improved or the service discontinued.

The report makes various suggestions looking to improvement of the service. It says that crop conditions should be expressed in percentages without fractions. It recommends that in the case of cotton the percentage figure of condition be converted into bales of indicated weight by a well known commercial formula. It recommends the transfer of

the determination of the cotton acreage planted from the bureau of statistics to the bureau of the census.

An important recommendation of the report is that the bureau of statistics, in the case of cotton, confine its work to its monthly reports expressing the condition of the growing crop during the growing season.

Discussing the ginning statistics of the census bureau, the report reaches the conclusion that the earlier reports of ginning cover so small a proportion of the crop as to be without value. It recommends that no ginning report be issued before the middle of October.

The Revival.

The revival continues with great interest. Friday night there was a good congregation.

There will be no service today nor tonight. The evangelists and workers will take a rest day.

Through the courtesy and invitation of Bro Chandler and the church the evangelists will hold the morning service at the Baptist church. The subject for 11 a. m. will be "How May I Know That I am a Christian." At 8:00 p. m. there will be a young people's service.

Sunday night will close the services.

INDIANS CLAMOR FOR SALE OF MINERAL LANDS

Washington, Jan. 20.—Whether the disposition which the Curtis bill as amended and passed by the House seeks to make of the mineral lands in the Choctaw and Chickasaw Nations will receive the approval of the Senate is regarded as doubtful. The change, made somewhat suddenly, is said to be satisfactory to the lessees.

But if reports received in Washington are correct, this solution of the matter is highly unsatisfactory to the Indians who own these lands. It was said telegrams had been received stating that a delegation represent-

ing the two tribes would arrive here next week to begin a vigorous campaign against the amended bill in the Senate.

The Indians, it is said, desire to have the coal lands sold and the money distributed among the citizens. If the Curtis bill should become a law and should remain intact it will be eighteen years before the coal lands may be sold. It provides that they shall not be disposed of until all the leases shall have expired and the last of these will not terminate until about 1924. The present lessee, therefore, would not be disturbed.

BIG STATEHOOD BATTLE PROBABLE NEXT WEEK

Washington, Jan. 20.—The announcement came from the Speaker's room last afternoon while the House sitting as a committee of the whole was considering the deficiency bill, that the statehood bill is to be reported Tuesday and the rule to insure its passage without dismemberment Wednesday.

The announcement was a surprise to the insurgents. To Mr. Babcock, chief insurgent, it was also disquieting. Immediately he started out on an inspection of his heroic band, and when he got back he reported complacently that it remained in solid phalanx, eager for battle in the cause of parliamentary liberty. So, if the Speaker is not feinting for the purpose of uncovering the enemy's strength, the battle against the autocracy of the Committee on Rules is scheduled for Wednesday.

Presbyterian Church.

Preaching tomorrow at 11 a. m. by the pastor. Theme: "The Church of God." No preaching at night on account of the protracted meeting. An opportunity to join the church will be given at the morning service. Strangers in the city are given a cordial invitation to worship with us.

John A. Williams, Pastor.

Frisco Promotions.

T. R. Griffith of St. Louis, traveling auditor of the Frisco, is in the city making a transfer of cashiers at the station. W. C. Slocum is promoted from cashier to an agency, the location of which is not announced. His place will be taken by H. R. Mayreis, heretofore clerk.

Brakeman Killed.

A brakeman on the Frisco local freight going north was fatally hurt at Scullin last night about 12:40. He died at 4 o'clock this morning. His name was H. L. Wilkinson.

THE ELECTRICAL BUSINESS

Like every other business has its styles and its fashions. Our stock of fixtures is always up to the minute. We are also prepared to render the best service in plumbing and waterworks supplies and our prices are always consistent with our services. The best is always the cheapest. We also carry a full line of steam fixtures. Your patronage solicited.

Ada Electric and Plumbing Supply Co., Phone 237

MODEL BAKERY

Fresh Bread, Cakes, Pies, Etc.

A Fine Line of Candies

116 SOUTH BROADWAY, OPPOSITE OLD POSTOFFICE

COAL! COAL!!

Midway and Henryetta fancy lump, \$6.00 per ton. Some certain party is trying to mislead by telling the people of Ada that he is connected with me in the coal business. I will say to the citizens of Ada that I have no partner at all.

G. M. ANGLIN.

Phone 249. Orders Delivered to Any Part of the City

BILLIARDS

Enjoy an evening at the W. J. Wilson Billiard and Pool Parlors. Everything first class.

L. N. JAMES Mgrs.

---AND---

POOL ...

PAUL W. ALLEN,

Livery, Feed and Sale Stable.

Horses Boarded by Day or Week.

Satisfaction Guaranteed.

Best of Service.

Allen Livery Barn

South Townsend Ave.,

Phone 64.

GUS KRANNICH THE TAILOR

After all it pays to have your clothes made by an experienced tailor. If Gus Krannich makes a suit for you you will never complain. Try him. Cleaning and repairing neatly done.

K. C. Tailor Shop,

Ada, I. T.

(Over Freeman's Store)

The best Candies, Fruits and Cigars.

Box Candies a Specialty

At the Postoffice News Stand

Cheap Coal FOR CASH

Place your order for good coal with the

CRYSTAL ICE and COAL CO.

The driver is authorized to receipt you for payments.

Phone No. 122

The Ada National Bank.

TOM HOPE, President; JNO. L. BARRINGER, Vice President.

FRANK JONES, Cashier.

ORVILLE SNEAD, Asst. Cashier.

Capital Stock, \$50,000.00

Undivided Profits, 20,200.00

Blanks Furnished and Remittances Made to the Government on Town Lots.

ADA, CHICKASAW NATION, IND. TER.

ADA EVENING NEWS.

OFFICIAL CITY PAPER.

OTIS B. WEAVER PUBLISHER
M. D. STEINER, BUSINESS MANAGER

Entered as Second class matter March 26, 1904, at the Postoffice at Ada, Indian Territory, under the Act of Congress March 3, 1879.

Advertising rates furnished on application.

ARIZONA'S PROTEST.

We of Oklahoma and Indian Territory see an abundance of iniquity in the omnibus bill simply in the way it imperils our prospects for any statehood. But its injustice grows apace when we consider the wrongs to Arizona involved in this infamous measure of party expediency.

After mentioning some minor objections to union with New Mexico urged by the Arizonians, the Washington Times adds:

"But their real objection lies deeper than any of these things. They do not want to unite with a people as foreign to them as the Apaches.

The truth of the matter is that New Mexico is not American. It is Greaser. A great many Americans have settled there, it is true, and the allegiance of her people is nowhere questioned—but the Mexicans outnumber the Americans eight to five, and the state speaks Spanish. Forty of the seventy members of her legislature are Mexicans. Interpreters are needed in every court in the territory.

This is the milk in the coconut. To anyone who has even seen a "Greaser," his broad, silver-embroidered hat down over his eyes, a cigarette hanging from his lips and his knife in his belt, no further explanation will be needed. If Arizona's only hope of statehood lies in being outvoted by such as these she does well to say: "Let us alone to grow." She is great and rich now. Irrigation is making her vastly richer. A swift development is sure. And she ought not to be yoked with a foreign people distasteful to her from every point of view without her consent.

Let congress make New Mexico a separate state—if the two houses choose. But Arizona should be left alone."

Now we shall see what Walker has done.

At Tulsa's great Sewer Banquet things must have flowed freely.

If congress is determined not to remove any restrictions upon the sale of Indian land it does not matter much anyhow, this statehood business.

If the insurgents should win out and have Arizona and New Mexico cut out, in line with the McGuire bill, Delegate McGuire will be the biggest republican in the West.

EVIDENTLY that separate farmers' union just organized at South McAlester is not so numerically strong as desired by the secessionists, else there would have been more information in the news dispatches relative to the number of delegates and number of lodges represented.

MOUSE MARKET BRISK

CATS ALSO WANTED AT LOGANS-PORT, IND.

Demand for Motive Power in a Drug Store Window Starts Novel Industry for Small Boys—Quotations Fluctuate.

Logansport, Ind.—Mice and cat quotations are likely to be features of local market reports if fluctuations continue as sharp as they have been here for two or three days.

The mouse market took an unexpected upward start the other day, but on account of liberal receipts, later a bear movement followed. Cats were brisk and kittens lively. Raney looking rats were a drug on the market, and only prime mice are wanted at any price. The price of cats is rising, however, and the supply, while large, is unequal to the demand.

Homer Closson & Co., a drug firm, are bolting up the mouse market. The cats are being bought by tenants of the building he occupies. The demand for both grew out of an idea matured with intent to cut down electric power bills.

Closson is the Armour of the mouse business. He used an electric fan in his show window to keep it from freezing over. The current cost money. Closson figured out that a mouse on a treadmill would do the same work as a \$500,000 municipal electric plant. He rigged up an endless belt, baited with cheese.

But the mice seemed to have heard of his plan to put them to work. They became as scarce as snakes in Ireland. Closson put a sign in his window:

WANTED!
Healthy, Able-Bodied Mice to Work for Their Living.

Will Pay One Cent Apiece.

Then he awaited results. Nothing materialized. The next day a voice over the telephone asked: "What are you paying for mice to-day?"

"I'll give you five cents apiece," replied Closson. In due time a small boy, with 37 mice appeared and departed with \$1.85. The mice began their endless grind upgrade toward the never attainable cheese. Closson geared the fan to the mouse motor and disconnected the electricity.

The mice were non-union. They worked all day and half the night trying to reach two cents' worth of cheese. Then they fell exhausted. Closson's fan stopped, the windows began to frost over, and the sign was changed to read "Five cents apiece."

All the small boys in Cass county seemed to have been holding off for an advance. They arrived with enough mice to keep the fan working

in quadruple shifts for years day and night. The price of mice fell in proportion. Closson would buy only "selected stock." The rest were turned loose by the boys who preferred this to taking them back to the toddler stacks where they had been captured.

Simultaneously there came protests from adjoining bakeries and flats. One man in a hall bedroom hung out a sign offering to pay 30 cents each for cats that would rid his premises of the cast-off mice and those that had begun to gnaw their way out of Closson's cage.

A procession of small boys lugging reluctant tabbies passed up the stairs until the cat market developed a bear tendency. The neighbors of the "cat buyer of finance" picked up bargains in mousers all the way from a quarter to a dime.

The day's trading closed with market firm on both cats and mice, and with non-union workers still toiling to reach the top of the treadmill—and, incidentally, keeping the frost from the store windows.

HAS PENCIL IN HER BRAIN.

Little Girl Lives with Skull Pierced by Slate—Fired from Pistol.

Atlantic City, N. J.—Surgeons are puzzled and interested with the vitality shown by Bessie Ang, the 13-year-old patient in the city hospital, who lives with a slate pencil imbedded in the lower part of the brain. The physicians called a consultation and carefully examined the child, with the intention of performing an operation, but it is such an unusual case and requires such a delicate and difficult operation, with but a small chance of saving her life, that they hesitate.

The child gains consciousness frequently, and manages to occasionally recognize some of her relatives or friends who call to see her. A sad Christmas was passed by her mother, who called to see her and spent several hours beside the suffering daughter. She came to her senses for a few moments and made an effort to speak, but failed. Death, say the physicians, may ensue at any moment. John Adams, the lad who fired the pencil from a pistol into the girl's head, is still in the custody of his parents.

American Exports to Orient.

There was a remarkable increase last year in American exports to China and Japan. In ten months the exports to China have been \$50,000,000, compared with \$20,000,000 in the previous year, and to Japan the total for the same time has jumped from \$22,000,000 to \$46,500,000. Our Pacific ferriage to those countries is direct and Europe cannot hope to compete with it in distance and cheapness.

GORGEOUS PARIS FUNERAL.

Rich Old Woman Directs That \$14,000 Be Spent on Her Burial at French Capital.

Paris.—A rich old woman of the Rue Vaugirard who died recently, ordered her executors to spend \$14,000 on her funeral. Accordingly the executors of her will gave her the most gorgeous funeral ever seen in this city. Her body was embalmed by famous surgeons, her coffin was the most expensive that could be bought, and the service, which took place in the Church of St. Sulpice, was the most elaborate that the ceremonial of the church would allow. Thousands of persons assembled on the great square to get a glimpse of the magnificent funeral carriage and elaborate appointments, and many of them went as far as the burial ground so as not to miss any part of the spectacle.

Notwithstanding all they had done, the executors found when they went to pay the bills that the total expense did not quite reach the amount stipulated. Therefore they ordered that the great stairway of the apartment house in which the woman had lived should be draped in black and silver for a certain period. To this the other tenants strenuously objected, and one who was going to give a reception had recourse to the courts to have the objectionable ornaments removed. Now he is suing for damages, and it is probable when the courts are through with the case the rich woman's property will have been taxed much more than the original \$14,000.

STEALS OCEAN'S SECRETS.

De Plury, Who Has Descended to Greater Depths Than Any Diver, Tells of Sights.

Paris.—A young naval engineer named De Plury diving in connection with the examination now going on of the French vessel sunk near Saigon has made remarkable discoveries concerning the inhabitants of the ocean at a greater depth than has ever before been reached.

De Plury's daring has been made possible by his accoutrements—an invention of his own—which are armored with metal plates, while by a chemical arrangement respiration becomes automatic. At a depth of 1,094 yards De Plury declares that all submarine monsters change in shape because of the enormous pressure of the water. If taken to the surface, their size is quadrupled like a rubber bag inflated by air. Bodies that sink to these deeper levels have every bone broken. The creatures that circle about them are all carnivorous, and to see them feeding is inexpressible horror.

When 162 feet below the surface the diver says he must go through masses of seaweed that envelop and would drag him down. Beneath this weed snake-like creatures and fish resembling dolphins surrounded him, and not the least of his adversaries were the giant crabs with tough shells and hideous claws.

At 30 feet below the surface De Plury gets odd effects in light. Seen through the pale, moving water, it assumes strange rainbow hues. At a depth of 129 feet the sandy bottom of the sea in intense sunlight looked like molten gold. Below 200 feet darkness commences, and at 327 pitchy darkness surrounds one that must be illuminated to make moving safe. Electric lamps of 10,000 candle-power are used by De Plury.

The diver says that at a certain depth bodies are kept in a state of preservation, but when touched drop away like powder.

He tells gruesome tales of the wrecks he has witnessed among them the treasure ship that was taking Napoleon's gold to Holland in 1808. One hundred million of gold sank at that time, and little more than half has been recovered.

Boat Riding in Air.

Row, row, row your boat gently down the air is the way one must do with the new aerial rowboat. It has a gas bag roughly cigar-shaped, whose equator is much nearer the front of the bag than usual, and a light frame work supports the occupant. It is raised and lowered, propelled forward and backward by the use of a pair of wing-like oars. By the use of weights the bag can be made to raise just an additional weight half a pound less than that of the occupant. Then gravity is overcome by the use of the oars. Anyone who understands how to row can operate the aerial rowboat, but so far no experienced aeronaut has tried the machine, although several hundred people have rowed up and down the park in Los Angeles, Cal., where the boat is being tested. The bag is 37 feet long and 15 feet wide at the equator. To raise the car and an occupant weighing 150 pounds 2,500 cubic feet of gas is sufficient. A speed of from four to six miles an hour has been attained by good oarsmen.

Woman Whaler.

The wife of a whaling captain recently proceeded to sea with her husband, from New Bedford, Mass., on a two years' cruise, she having signed articles as assistant navigator, and being entitled to wages and bonus. Actually she will do the navigating, working out the bark's position every day, and if anything befell her husband she would be capable of taking the vessel home. "The only woman sailor who goes to the whaling grounds," is the title conferred on the captain's wife. The women of New Bedford gave her a reception shortly before she sailed and eight retired captains escorted her out of the harbor.

PETITIONS FOR TROUSERS.

Boy Uses Novel Method to Induce Parents to Take Him Out of Knickerbockers.

Chicago.—Municipal ownership and referendum petition advocates have their eyes on the home of N. Banks Cregier, son of a former mayor of Chicago. Ellsworth B. Cregier, the 15-year-old boy of the home, who secured the name of 50 experienced fathers and mothers to a petition asking his parents to take him from knickerbockers and provide long trousers, will probably run for alderman in his ward if his unique method of carrying his point is successful.

Ellsworth is a student of the Lake View high school, where he says he is ridiculed because he still wears short trousers, although he is five feet five and one-half inches tall. He tried to induce his mother and father to secure long trousers for him, but to no avail. They said he had to wait eight months more, until his sixteenth birthday.

Rather than continue a sufferer in the Fauntleroy bloomers, he circulated the following petition among the tenants of the Nordica building at 736 Fullerston avenue, where the Cregier family lives:

"To Mrs. N. B. Cregier: We, the undersigned, do most earnestly advise and request the application of long pants to Ellsworth B. Cregier as a public necessity, he being in his sixteenth year (or nearly so) and five feet five and one-half inches in height by measurement, and to this end we affix our signature."

When everybody in the building had signed young Cregier went outside to other friends. He soon got 50 names. The petition was presented and the long trousers obtained.

EARTH TO RESEMBLE MARS.

Flammarion Believes Martians Have Reached Stage of Development Undreamt Of.

Paris.—Camille Flammarion, the famous author and astronomer, in an interview in one of the Paris papers, draws an extremely attractive picture of life in Mars. After pointing out that no one can predict what weather Paris will have next week, while it is known to an almost certainty what kind of weather Mars will have a fortnight in advance, Flammarion goes on to say that there are many advantages in favor of the Martians.

First of all, he says, it would be difficult for any human species to be less intelligent than ours, seeing that we do not know how to control ourselves. A second reason is that progress is an absolute law which nothing can resist, and as the inhabitants of Mars are older than we are, they may represent what we shall be in several millions of years. A third circumstance in their favor is that they are in a better position than we are to free themselves from the heaviness of matter. Martians weigh less and their years are twice as long as those on earth. Finally, climatic conditions on Mars appear to be much more agreeable.

Flammarion declares that the hypothesis that Mars is inhabited by an intellectual race, much superior to our own is growing stronger every year as astronomical observations become more and more precise.

KITE IN AIRSHIP FLIGHT.

Canadian Ascends in Safety with Prof. Bell's Invention—Calls It "Eosot King."

Halifax, N. S.—Prof. Alexander Graham Bell thinks he is a step nearer the attainment of his ambition to perfect a flying machine based on the tetrahedral kite principle. He has been experimenting in this direction for several years on his estate of Belton Breagh, Cape Breton.

Recently he succeeded in getting his latest designed kite, which he has named "Eosot King," to lift Neill McDermid, weighing 165 pounds, to a height of 30 feet, and support him there as steadily as if glued to the sky. This kite is named in honor of Walter Archer Frost, of Keenan, Wis., who recently was married to Miss Susan Whitford McCurdy, Mr. Bell's private secretary.

The kite, which is constructed of 1,300 tetrahedral cells having a total area of 752 square feet of silk, making a supporting surface of 440 square feet, carried aloft not only its own weight of 61 pounds, but also a load comprising flying lines, dangling ropes and a rope ladder, making 62 pounds more, together with McDermid, a man of 165 pounds, a total altogether of 288 pounds.

Imports in 1905.

The total appraised value of merchandise handled by Appraiser Whitehead of the United States customs office at New York last year was \$705,011,497, an increase of \$72,500,000 over 1904, according to a statement. The chief lines of foreign merchandise and their appraised values were: Sugar, \$71,000,000; wool and woolen goods, \$64,000,000; coffee and cocoa, \$60,000,000; precious stones and pearls, \$57,000,000; cigars and tobacco, \$15,000,000; wines and liquors, \$11,000,000, and 1,054 automobiles, valued at \$4,000,000.

Eccentric, That's All.

Mrs. Burke-Roche's father says he will disinherit her if she doesn't pay him more respect and live within her allowance of \$60,000 a year. He is an old man now, and the lady will probably regard his closeness as one of the eccentricities of advanced age.

Ada Opera House

Blind Headache

"About a year ago," writes Mrs. Mattie Allen, of 1123 Broadway, Augusta, Ga., "I suffered with blind, sick headaches and backaches, and could get no relief until I tried

WINE OF CARDUI

Woman's Relief

I immediately commenced to improve, and now I feel like a new woman, and wish to recommend it to all sick women, for I know it will cure them, as it did me." Cardui is pure, medicinal extract of vegetable herbs, which relieves female pains, regulates female functions, tones up the organs to a proper state of health. Try it for your trouble. Every druggist sells it in \$1.00 bottles.

WRITE US FREELY

and frankly, describing your symptoms. We will consider your case and give you free advice (in plain sealed envelope). Don't hesitate, but write today. Address: Ladies' Advisory Dept., The Chattanooga Medicine Co., Chattanooga, Tenn.

HEALTH AND VITALITY

DR. MOORE'S NERVE-PAIN PILLS
The great iron and tonic pill and restorative for men and women, promotes strength, builds up the system, cures nervousness, restores vitality, and gives the most complete and thorough treatment of all ailments of the system.

To Aid the Southwest

Have you seen the new magazine, *Southwest*? It is published in St. Louis (formerly the Frisco Magazine). It is published by a Southwest man, contains stories of the Southwest and articles of interest to Southwest people, contributed by Southwest writers. It circulates in the Southwest, and contains the advertisements of Southwest firms. It will aid the Southwest in all her aims—for more people, for more factories, for advantageous legislation—for investment, immigration and irrigation.

Aid the work and benefit yourself by subscribing. Send 50c. for a year, 25c. for six months, or a postal for a sample copy FREE. We also answer free of charge, inquiries from persons interested in settling or investing in the Southwest and furnish advertising rates on application. Address

Southwest, 1021 Finco Building, St. Louis

Otis B. Weaver Fire Insurance Agent

Represents several old line companies with practically unlimited capital, all of whom will positively meet any rate and in some instances write fire insurance much cheaper.

With such companies, several years experience and an expert fire writer in office, your business is solicited.

Otis B. Weaver Fire Insurance Agent

LOCAL NEWS

Subscribe for The News.

H. Shelton went south on Frisco last night.

Dr. Bisant, dentist, phone 185. 1198

A. F. Lanier and family of Conway took the train for Madill.

See P. K. Smith for up-to-now photo work. 152-11

J. W. Dean arrived home from a trip south.

For fine confectionery and fruits the Elite leads. 26t 244

J. H. Smith of Roff was shopping in town.

Mr. and Mrs. S. W. Lanham were in from Center today.

The Elite Cafe serves the best short orders in the city. 26t 244

Governor Byrd returned from a trip to Oklahoma City.

J. E. McLaughlin was in town from Sulphur.

Dr. B. H. Erb, surgeon dentist, Henley & Biles building. 233-11

M. Troy of Paris, Texas, is registered at the Harris.

A. M. Waddell of Roff was in town.

W. A. Alexander and little niece came in from Stonewall to spend Sunday.

Wedding announcements—the up-to-date kind—at the News office.

Miss Myrtle Umphress, after visiting Miss Alma Sims, returned to Claremore.

Mr. Byron Hill of Whitesboro, Texas, stopped over to see his old friend, Rev. Chandler.

Frank Jones returned home this morning from a several days' visit in Texas.

Wedding invitations—late styles—turned out at the News office.

Mrs. W. M. Wilson came down from Francis today to visit her daughters.

Mrs. Mary Lancaster returned today from a visit with her son, Tom Lancaster, at Parkell.

R. J. McCain, a good citizen of Europa, Miss., is a new subscriber to Ada's great weekly.

Dr. S. A. Steel will fill the Methodist pulpit Sunday forenoon by reason of the sickness of Pastor Rippey.

Mrs. D. Ryne, who has been visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. O. Blocker, returned to Sulphur today.

W. A. Holifield and W. G. Broadfoot got home this forenoon from the hardware men's convention at Kansas City.

For RENT—Two fine rooms for light housekeeping; also room for young men; one block of town. See Nash, at shoe store. 253-11

Miss Ella Snelson, who has been the guest of Mrs. Ross of North Ada, returned home to Roff this forenoon.

Mr. and Mrs. D. F. Armistead of Ft. Worth, who have been visiting Mr. Lem Burford and family, returned home today.

Mrs. W. J. Martin and little son, Will Brown, returned home today after a months' visit at her old Kentucky home.

Miss Myrtle Umphress of Madill came up yesterday afternoon for a short visit with her friend, Miss Alma Sims.

Get your baking powder and one of those special premiums at The Union Pacific Tea store. Goods delivered to any part of the city. Phone 52. 4t 255

A. B. McBride of Ada took advantage of the clubbing rates and subscribed for the Ada Weekly News and the Dallas Weekly News.

Just received a nice line of spring dress goods, also a beautiful line of sofa pillow cords, zephyrs and other fancy work materials at Westcott's. 4t 255

Buy your coffee, tea, extracts and spices of the Union Pacific Tea Co. and get some of those handsome presents. Goods delivered to any part of the city. 4t 255

J. N. Merriman and children arrived today from Mayfield, Kan., to make their home in this country. He was looking for his son, H. P., who lives about four miles out.

Rev. Williams has returned from a meeting of the Board of Trustees of Austin College at Sherman. He reports a fine body of students and a prosperous year of college work by an able faculty in his alma mater.

Mr. J. P. Porter, from Bolivar county, Miss., has recently purchased property in North Ada and established a home in our midst. We heartily welcome him and his family to the city. He will keep in touch with his new neighbors through the Evening News.

For Sale.

I will sell at private sale my household goods, are all nearly new, as follows:

One \$75 bed room suit, two iron beds, springs and mattresses. One chiffonier.

Three center tables. Cot and mattress. Childs bed. Carpets and matting.

Two rockers, dining table, chairs. Cook stove and cabinet.

One nearly new Wilson heater. One Buck's heater.

Jo Gill. 2t 260

Better Service On M. K. & T.

The public will be gratified to learn that the M. K. & T. will on Sunday make such changes in its schedule as to provide much better service between Oklahoma City and Atoka. It is made public the new time card between Oklahoma City and the North, but it is not learned exactly what change will follow on the Atoka line.

Attention Carpenters.

All members of Local Union No. 1752 are earnestly requested to meet at Labor Hall Wednesday night, Jan. 24, 1906. Business of importance demands your attention.

Come, regardless of your standing. And all others who are in favor of United Brotherhood, come.

N. T. Tucker, F. S. 4t 260

LADIES! I make from \$18 to \$30 per week and want you to have the same opportunity. The work is very pleasant and will pay for even your spare time. I speak from experience, as I have often made \$10 in a single day.

This is no deception. I want no money and will gladly send full particulars free to all. Address, Mrs. W. W. Mitchell, Box 10, Portland, Maine 1t 260

Died.

Alfred Turnbo, of North Ada, died this morning of typhoid pneumonia. He was eighteen years of age and has been working as hostler for Dr. Brownall.

Interment will take Sunday at 11 a. m. in Rosedale Cemetery.

Accept No Substitute.

There is nothing just as good for malaria, chills and fever as Dr. Mendenhall's Chill and Fever Cure. Take it as a general tonic and at all times in place of quinine. If it fails to give satisfaction Clark Drug Co. will refund your money.

Annual Convention Retail Hardware and Implement Dealers Association of Texas, Dallas, Texas, January 23 to 25, 1906. For this occasion the Frisco will sell tickets at \$6.80 for the round trip. Tickets on sale Jan. 22, 23 and 24, limit for return Jan. 27th, 1906. I. McNair, Agent, Ada, I. T.

Cheap Rates to Denver.

Will sell daily until May 31st round trip tickets to the above point at greatly reduced rates. Tickets limited to May 31st, except tickets sold during month of May to be limited thirty days. For full information see Frisco agent or address

I. McNair, Agent, Ada, I. T. D. C. Farrington, T. P. A., Oklahoma City, Okla. F. E. Clark, D. P. A., Wichita, Kansas.

For Cash ONLY

50-lb U. S. Flour.....	\$1.20
50-lb Gilt Edge Flour.....	1.00
Corn per can.....	.50
White Swan Corn per can.....	1.00
3 cans Pumpkin.....	.25c
3 cans Blackberries 25c or 6 for.....	.45c
3 cans Strawberries 25c or 6 for.....	.45c
3 cans Gooseberries 25c or 6 for.....	.45c
2 cans Muscat Grapes.....	.25c
2 cans Table Peaches.....	.25c
2 cans Green Gage Plums.....	.25c
20 lb Lima Beans.....	\$1.00
1-gal can Scuders Maple Syrup.....	\$1.20
50-lb can Lard.....	\$1.24

Will Sell Anything We

Have at Cost.

R. S. TOBIN.

Stoking Shivering Fits

of ague and Malaria, can be relieved and cured with Electric Bitters. This is a pure, tonic medicine; of especial benefit in malaria, for it exerts a true curative influence on the disease, driving it entirely out of the system. It is much to be preferred to quinine, having none of this drug's bad after effects. E. S. Munday, of Henrietta, Texas, writes: "My brother was very low with malarial fever and jaundice, till he took Electric Bitters, which saved his life. At Clark Drug Co., and Dr. F. Z. Holley. Price 50c, guaranteed.

Spoiled Her Beauty.

Harriet Howard, of 209 W. 34, St., New York, at one time had her beauty spoiled with skin trouble. She writes: "I had salt rheum or eczema for years, but nothing would cure it, until I used Bucklen's Arnica Salve." A quick and sure healer for cuts, burns and sores. 25c at Clark Drug Store, and Dr. F. Z. Holley.

Doctors Indorse it

Lang Bros., Druggists, Paducah, Ky., write: "We sell more of Dr. Mendenhall's Chill and Fever Cure than all other remedies combined, having retailed over 700 bottles in one season. Physicians here prescribe it and persons who once use it have no ether. Sold by Clark Drug Co.

Greatly in Demand.

Nothing is more in demand than a medicine which meets modern requirements for a blood and system cleanser, such as Dr. King's New Life Pills. They are just what you need to cure stomach and liver troubles. Try them. At Clark Drug Co., and

"Here lies mine babe, as dead as nits, Whom Gott has kilt mit ager fits. He would not let him live mit me. So took him up to live mit He."

The child would have lived had he been given Dr. Mendenhall's Chill and Fever Cure. Sold by Clark Drug Co.

Peter Schuttler wagon will give you satisfaction, Reed & Harrison. 19-wt

Great Bargains in REALESTATE

I have the following bargains in real estate which if taken in the next 30 days will be sold at reduced prices:

IMPROVED PROPERTY.

Four 25-foot lots on East Main St. One lot and building known as the mayor's office.

VACANT PROPERTY.

Two 50-foot lots on West Main St. 10-acre block adjoining Ada, with new 5-room house and outbuildings. Two 50-foot lots on East Sixth St.

J. M. BRUNNER,

Citizens National Bank Building.

DR. THOS. H. GRANGER, D. D. S.,

Manager,
DOSS & GRANGER
Pioneer
Dental
Office
ESTABLISHED 1901.
OVER FIRST NATIONAL BANK.
PHONE 211.

HENRY M. FURMAN,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Will do a general Civil and Criminal Practice.
Office in Duncan Building.

WANTS

FOR SALE:—An old stove, good for another year or two, for \$1.00. Ada News. 2t 261

FOR RENT:—5-room house on 16th street. \$10 per month. H. C. Thompson, over Ada Nat'l Bank. 5t 258

FOR RENT:—Two fine rooms for light housekeeping; also room for young men; one block of town. See Nash, at shoe store. 253-11

FOR SALE:—Mules to sell on time.

U. G. Winn. 4t 250

FOR SALE:—Two large fine mules; one nearly new three inch wagon; one set splendid wagon harness, for cash. Apply to Sol Moss. 246-11

Again We Have Low Rates

To Washington, D. C. and return, account Joint Statehood Delegation, via the Frisco System. The Frisco selected as the official route.

Rate: One fare for round trip. Date: January 25th, 1906.

Limit: 30 days.

From: All stations in Oklahoma and Indian Territory.

Through Cars. For further particulars call on your Frisco Agent or write,

L. C. Farrington, T. P. A., Oklahoma City, Okla.

F. E. Clark, D. P. A., Wichita, Kansas.

Excursions to Florida and Cuba.

Will sell daily until April 30th 1906, low rate round trip tickets from all

stations to certain points in Florida and Cuba, also to certain points in Alabama, Georgia, Louisiana, Mississippi and South Carolina. Return limit, June 1st 1906. Through sleepers and Fred Harvey meals.

Let us furnish you rates, schedules, descriptive literature and other information.

I. McNair, Agent, Ada, I. T.

F. E. Clark, D. P. A., Wichita, Kansas.

TIME OF TRAINS
ADA, I. T.

THE RIGHT TRAINS
BETWEEN

St. Louis, Houston, Hannibal, Dallas, Kansas City, Fort Worth, Junction City, San Antonio, Oklahoma City, Galveston, In the North, in Texas, and all points beyond.

NORTH BOUND.

No. 112 Express, daily..... 4:05 p m
No. 564 Local, except Sunday..... 11:53 a m

SOUTH BOUND.

No. 111 Express, daily..... 11:53 a m
No. 563 Local, except Sunday..... 2:16 p m

PROTECT YOUR BOOKS!

They're too valuable to be strewn about the room or house exposed to dust and damage! Of course you can't help it, if your book-case is full and of the old style solid construction. Better get rid of such a case, or start a new one that will always accommodate your books without being either too large or too small—one that grows with your library and always fits it. The

Globe-Wernicke

"Elastic" Book-Case

is the original and only up-to-date sectional book-case and is made by the largest manufacturers of such goods in the world. It's furnished in a variety of grades, sizes and prices, adapted to any and all requirements. It's a system of units, each unit fitted with the perfect dust-proof roller-bearing door. But we'll be glad to show them if you call, or will send illustrated catalogue on request.

Sold By

W. C. DUNCAN.

CITY BARBER SHOP,

D. A. DORSEY, Prop.
First Class Work (Guaranteed).
Hair Cut 25c, Shave 10c.
South Side Main St., Ada, I. T.

ADA STEAM LAUNDRY CO.

Is given up to be best. Do
Largest Agency Work
of any plant in this Territory:

Reed & Harrison Wholesale Buggies

The Best Makes; the Lowest Prices.

COAL! COAL!

REMEMBER we are still in the Coal Business and handle the best grades of Lehigh and McAlester Coal, and will sell it on a close margin. We also carry in stock stove, heater and coal wood. PHONE 246.

ADA COAL CO.

FOLLOW THE CROWD

They are going to get their fall suits and trousers at the

NEW TAILOR

shop in the rear of CHAPMAN'S shoe store. Swell-est, snappiest line of woolens ever shown in Ada, so cheap too.

Quality and fit guaranteed. High class cleaning, steam dyeing, ladies' and mens' clothing.

NASH, the Tailor.

TIME CARD.

Ada, Ind. Ter.

EAST BOUND TRAINS.

No. 510 Meteor, 4:45 p. m.
No. 512 Eastern Exp, 9:45 a. m.
No. 542 Local Freight, 8:45 p. m.

WEST BOUND TRAINS.

No. 509 Meteor, 9:00 a. m.
No. 511 Texas Pass, 9:05 p. m.
No. 541 Local Freight, 7:45 a. m.

Local freight trains carry passengers provided with permits. Ten per cent saved on the purchase of round trip tickets.

I. McNair, Agent.

Golf Tournament.

Mexico City, Mexico, January 1906. For this occasion the Frisco will make rate of one fare for the round trip. Tickets on sale Jan. 1st, to 12th, inclusive. Final limit for return Feb. 28th, 1906. I. McNair, Agent, Ada, I. T.

THE NICKEL STORE

SMALL PROFITS

QUICK SALES CASH

We do not sell on credit to anyone, no matter how wealthy or how honest. Please do not embarrass us by asking. We have moved to Main street, third door from Rollow's corner. A better house in which to show our goods.

Our Stationery Department

This is, has been and will be one of the most successful in the store. We sell pens, ink, mucilage, glue, composition books, ledgers, journals, day books. Tablets, both for pencil and ink, ruled or unruled.

5c

We also in this department keep slates, slate pencils, ink stands, school boxes and school supplies. Come here for your school books. Any book used in town or country and we can save you money on them.

A complete, always up-to-date line of novels; standard authors

10c

Small Things

Hair pins, wire and horn, back combs, side combs, ladies, gents and childrens stockings, towels, darning cotton. Needles, Milward's gold eye at 1c per paper.

Hardware

Sargeant's food chopper, chops meat, vegetables, etc., ordinarily called sausage grinders.

\$1.24

No. 1 steel traps, with chain 15c
Curry combs - 5c and 10c
Tack hammers - 5c and 10c
Can opener with cork screw 10c
He-n-es rivets, tubular 50 in a box, assorted lengths 5c, slatted or forked 100 in a box 5c, solid copper, 1-4 pound boxes 10c
Sure-clinch shoe tacks, brass and copper plated, 1-4 pound boxes

4c

First class American files eight-inch - 5c and 10c
Ten-inch - 12 1-2c
Twelve-inch - 20c

Don't buy reworked files when you can buy first class files at above prices.

Carpet tacks, 500 tacks in a box, 5c per box.

Crack egg beaters

10c

Knives and Forks

Best goods for the price, from 50c to \$1.05 per set.

T hinges, three-inch and five-inch - 5c
Butt hinges, three-inch with screws 10c

WARRANTED SHEARS

Eigh-Inch

50c

Big bargains in

Tinware and

Enameledware

Large enameled dishpan 50c
Enameled ladle - 10c
Baking pans - 10c

Examine our stock and compare our prices.

Thanking you for past patronage and respectfully asking a continuance of same,

I am yours respectfully,

S. M. Shaw, Prop

5c

Nickel Store.

The 5c and 10c store of Ada, I. T.

New location on Main street third door west of Rollow's corner.

Phone 77.

- Make Good -

Resolutions

For the New Year.

RESOLVE to give your feet all the comfort possible.

Keep this resolution by buying your shoes from

Chapman

The Shoeman

Pluck and Adventure.

SIBERIAN HOSPITALITY.

DETAINED at the Siberian village of Krivochokov, Mons. Jules Legras remembered that he had a letter to a notable of that place, and hastened to present it.

Monsieur Gautier, in his book on Russia, describes, in Monsieur Legras' own words, the cordial hospitality with which he was received, and also tells of the difficulty which concluded his charming visit.

"They had detained me till 10 o'clock in the evening," he writes, "by repeating, 'Why are you in a hurry?' and I was on the point of making my departure when I heard the mistress of the house say in a low voice to her husband, 'Shall I send for the carriage?' To which he replied, 'No.' At this word a shiver passed over me. Doubtless this host, who had made me send away the coachman, was unaware of what his refusal meant, else he would have said to me, 'Here is a sofa; sleep here.'

"My situation was perilous, but what could I do? At the end of a few moments I rose to take my leave, and having asked if I could get a cab, was met with the reply that at this hour none could be obtained.

"Krivochokov is a village whose population constitutes the very fiftieth and jetson of Siberian civilization. The village has neither streets nor lights nor police. It is considered a cutthroat spot, where honest people shut themselves tight at night.

"I had neither stick nor revolver, and I had on me a large sum of money. Finally, I was ignorant of the exact position of my inn, situated over a mile away. First of all, dogs threw themselves upon me. I shook them off, and started as best I could.

"The night was inky black. Amid the irregular clusters of houses there was no regular street by which to guide myself. As I hesitated I heard a 'Who is that?' It was a watchman of a pile of wood who hailed me. He directed me, and giving me a large branch that would do for a stick, he said, 'You are wrong, Barine, to go about this way without a revolver; the place is not safe. May God protect you!'

"As I approached another cluster of houses a watchman sounded his rattle menacingly, and dogs flew at me savagely. When this watchman approached, I induced him to accompany me. He informed me that the evening before a traveler who was staying at my hotel, having started early to catch a train, had been assassinated about ten paces from there. Finally we reached the inn. It took a long time to make them open the door, but I finally got inside and reached my room, trembling with fever and fatigue, and fell down helplessly, only conscious of having passed an hour and a half whose remembrance will remain with me long. As for my amiable host, whose hospitality might have cost me my life, he will doubtless never know of this adventure."

A HEROIC DEED.

One of the men who joined the Colonial forces which were battling for the freedom of Texas was John Ingram. During the siege of Gonzales, says the author of "With the Makers of Texas," he performed a feat of heroism which is yet remembered.

The Texans, favored by a dark night, opened an entrenchment on the right side of the river, within 400 or 500 feet of the Alamo, and at daylight the next morning the twelve-pounder, supported by the company to which Ingram belonged, began to thunder.

The Mexicans were not slow to reply, but in a short time the fire on both sides slackened in consequence of a dense fog which completely concealed every object beyond the distance of a few yards.

After the fog dissolved, the cannonade on both sides was renewed. At length the artillerymen of the twelve-pounder announced that their powder was exhausted. It was immediately asked, "Who will go to the camp for powder?"

Without a moment's hesitation Ingram volunteered for the perilous service. The Texan camp was about half a mile from the batteries. Ingram leaped out of the ditch and ran.

Five field-pieces were bearing on him from the walls of the Alamo, and a thousand infantrymen were marshaled outside the walls within easy musketry-range of the intrepid messenger. His course for 400 yards was over an open field before he could gain the cover of a mill-race which led to the camp.

Simultaneously the five cannon hurled at him their iron missiles. At the next instant a thousand muskets poured a leaden shower round him, but Ingram sped on, and reached the mill-race unharmed.

He did not pause until he reached the quarter-master's tent, where, seizing a keg of powder and placing it on his shoulder, he left as he arrived, running.

The same perils awaited him on his return. Three swarms of iron and leaden bullets again swept the plain round him, but he seemed to bear a charmed life, for he entered the entrenchments untouched, amid the huzzas and congratulations of his fellow soldiers.

SKILLAGALEE A FIGHTER.

Eighteen feet from the tip of his snout to the tail, the largest fish that was ever brought into T wharf came in on the Ida Silva, swordfishermen, having been captured after a fight only equalled by John Boyle O'Reilly's

"fight with the amber whale." For twelve miles the monster towed a dory containing Everett Dowdy and Daniel McDonald, who had harpooned it, thinking it was a swordfish. A score of times it turned and attacked the boat, a hundred times it sought the bottom, endeavoring to pull the trail dory down after it, and only being prevented by the length of the harpoon rope.

The fish was styled a skillagalee or large billfish by the authorities on T wharf, but never before was one of that species known to grow to half its size.

All one day the animal was on exhibition at the store of the Gloucester Fish Company in Atlantic avenue, and a wondering crowd marvelled at its proportions. Its tail measured six feet when extended, its side fin was nearly two feet long, and its huge dorsal was nearly four feet. It had a sharp nose, about two feet long, as hard as a Roman sword, and its head was larger than a swordfish.

Daniel McDonald told a Journal man the story of the capture. "A week ago," he said, "in a dead calm, Dowdy and I put off in a dory. We had rowed but a short distance from the ship when we saw this fish rising, and as he reached the surface I put a harpoon into him. Then I saw that he was like no swordfish that ever lived. He tore around in the water, creating enormous waves, and then dashed at the boat. He hit it a number of times with his body, but his sword was so short in proportion that he was unable to use it.

"Then he started to run away. The line grew taut, and we tore through the water like a torpedo boat. Twenty knots we did, if we did one, and dories aren't made to stand a strain like that. 'After a while it tried to ease up, but each time we pulled taut on the rope. This finally tired him out. He was bleeding all the time, and at last, five hours after we harpooned him, he turned over. Then we started to pull back to the ship. She was fully ten miles away, and the monster, which weighed 1400 pounds, was not easy to move, even in the water. We finally got back, completely tired out. It was a great victory.'"—Boston Journal.

A DEED OF REAL CHIVALRY.

The noblest act which the author of "An Observer in the Philippines" saw in his journeyings was not performed on the battlefield, nor yet in the hospital, civil or military. But it was the spirit of self-sacrifice displayed by one American physician toward another—a man whom he did not know even by sight.

On the Logan were a young doctor and his wife and three small children. When we boarded the Sherman we saw the children and their father, from whom we learned that the mother had without any warning developed tuberculosis. An examination ordered by the surgeon of the department resulted not only in directing the immediate return of the mother and children, but also in the recommendation that the husband should accompany them. When the request was made to the surgeon of the division, great difficulty was experienced in securing the desired permission.

Another physician, who had been three years in the Philippines, and had secured a stateroom upon the Sherman, was so impressed by the apparent need of his brother physician, whom he had never seen, that he did all in his power to aid him. It was said that there was no room on the Sherman for the family; that all the staterooms were taken. "Then I will give up mine for them, for I feel that they should go home."

"The doctor cannot be spared. He has only recently come to the Philippines, and we need his services."

"I have served three years, and want to go home very much, but I will take his place, and serve his three years, in order that he may go," was the reply of Dr. Patton.

Later it was found that an arrangement could be made which would allow the husband a leave of absence for one month after reaching San Francisco.

When one considers the trying climate of the Philippines and the arduous service which an army physician is called upon to perform, he is glad to lift his hat to Dr. Patton.

POINT OF VIEW.

"Yes, indeed, we have some queer little incidents happen to us," said the engineer. "A queer thing happened to me about a year ago. You'd think it a queer thing for a rough man like me to cry for ten minutes, and nobody hurt either, wouldn't you? Well, I did, and I almost cry every time I think of it."

"I was running along one afternoon pretty lively, when I approached a little village where the track cuts through the street. I slackened up a little, but was still making good speed, when suddenly about twenty rods ahead of me a little girl not more than three years old toddled onto the track. You can't even imagine my feelings. There was no way to save her. It was impossible to stop, or even slack much, at that distance, as the train was heavy and the grade descending. In ten seconds it would have been all over, and after reversing and applying the brake I shut my eyes. I didn't want to see any more.

"As we slowed down my fireman stuck his head out of the cab window to see what I had stopped for, when he laughed and shouted to me: 'Jim, look here!' I looked, I looked, and there was a big, black Newfoundland dog holding the little girl in his mouth, leisurely walking toward the house where she evidently belonged. She was kicking and crying, so that I knew she wasn't hurt, and the dog had saved her. My fireman thought it funny and kept laughing, but I cried like a woman. I just couldn't help it. I had a little girl of my own at home."—Catholic Home Companion.

HOUSEHOLD AFFAIRS



CORN PUDDING.

A smoking corn pudding is a pleasant sight, when the mercury is low. Scrape a dozen ears of full-grown corn by slitting each row of kernels with a sharp knife, and then with the back of the knife scraping all the soft part out, leaving the empty hull on the cob. Add a pint of milk, a cup of sugar, a teaspoonful of salt and a tablespoonful of melted butter. Bake three hours in a moderate oven. This dish may be prepared in winter from canned corn, and makes an excellent variety in vegetables to serve with meat if the sugar is left out.

BAKERS' CUSTARD PIE.

Beat up the yolks of three eggs to a cream. Stir thoroughly a tablespoonful of sifted flour into three tablespoonfuls of sugar; this separates the particles of flour so that there will be no lumps; then add to it the beaten yolks, put in a pinch of salt, a teaspoonful of vanilla and a little grated nutmeg; next the well beaten whites of the eggs; and lastly, a pint of scalded milk (not boiled) which has been cooled; mix this in by degrees and turn all into a deep pie pan, lined with puff paste, and bake from twenty-five to thirty minutes.

STEWED SIRLOIN OF BEEF.

After the fillet has been taken out carefully remove the bones of the sirloin. Spread it flat on a table, strew over it a little salt and pepper, and then cover the inside with thin slices of striped bacon. Lay it on a thick iron saucpan, nearly its size. Add the bones and as much beef broth as will nearly cover the joint. As soon as it has boiled a few minutes and been well skummed, throw in a large bunch of savory herbs, leeks and one onion, stuck with a dozen cloves. An hour later add two blades of mace and half a dozen peppercorns. Stew the beef very gently from four to five hours, or longer. Serve with brown caper sauce. Add what sauce may be needed before the vegetables are thrown in, and after the meat is lifted out of the liquor in which it has been stewed, it will make a very good sauce.

APPLE PIE.

This pie as usually made is very unsatisfactory, but with a little care it may be made a dessert of rare excellence. The apples, which should be of good texture and fine flavor, should be pared and quartered—not sliced; then, if the apples are large, divide each quarter into three parts; if small, into two parts. Having lined the pie plate with good crust, arrange the apples in it in an orderly and compact manner, making the centre a little higher than the sides. If a large pie is desired mix a tablespoonful of flour with a cup nearly full of sugar, a few gratings of nutmeg or lemon, and a half teaspoonful of cinnamon, or any preferred flavoring, and sprinkle this mixture over the apples. Now add four tablespoonfuls of water, and put on the top crust. Wet the edges of the under crust, pinch the top one upon it, and prick the top several times with a fork, or slash it in the centre. Bake nearly an hour in a moderate oven. This pie is best the day it is baked. A small pie will, of course, require less seasoning.

HINTS FOR THE HOUSEKEEPER

Gum camphor sprinkled around the haunts of mice will keep them away.

Red ants dislike sulphur, and if it is sprinkled in places they frequent they will disappear.

Never put warm food of any kind away in a covered dish if you want it to keep well.

A tablespoonful of sugar to the stove blacking will add a very material lustre to the stove.

Velvet that has become crushed may be restored by placing the linen side over a basin of hot water.

Table linen in order to bring out the bright gloss that makes it attractive should be dampened considerably.

Green vegetables should be eaten fresh. In buying them be very careful that the leaves are crisp to the touch.

If you put a few drops of the oil of sassafras in the places frequented by black ants you will have no more trouble from them.

When boiling a cracked egg put a teaspoonful of salt into the water and you will find it cooks without any of the white part leaving the shell.

See that the water boils, adding one teaspoonful of salt to every quart of water. Always keep the saucepan uncovered when boiling green vegetables.

About twenty minutes is the usual time to cook green vegetables. Ten minutes is sufficient for green peas, while some cabbages take nearly an hour.

A soft chamolis skin soaked in cold water and then wrung dry is the ideal duster. It can be used on the finest furniture, and it will leave a clean, bright surface.

Sponge off the leaves of a rubber plant with milk, it makes them glossy and bright. A very good tonic for the rubber plant is to dig a circle around its roots and put in a tablespoonful of castor oil once a month.



SATISFACTION.
To get just what we ask for
May sometimes make us sore,
And we may kick ourselves because
We didn't ask for more.

DUPLICATES.
She—"Did your sister get any duplicate wedding presents?"
He—"Yes; she married a widower with two boys."—Chicago Journal.

WOMAN'S WAY.
"Why don't Grace marry George?"
"She thinks he's hardly good enough for her."
"Then why not let him go?"
"Well, she thinks he's a little too good for any other girl."

A MINOR DETAIL.
"Yes, it was a delightful wedding. All the Astorbills and Vanderfellers and Rockergoulds were there."
"And who were the contracting parties?"
"Really, do you know, I quite forgot to inquire."

NEW WOMAN NATURE.
"Jim," said the department store manager, "you know that lot of open-work ladies' stockings left over from last summer?"
"Yes, sir."
"Mark 'em up fifty per cent, and label 'em 'Common Sense Winter Hosiery.'"

THE JOY OF SADNESS.
"A woman's tears are sure to find sympathy," said the kind-hearted man.
"Yes," answered the cold-blooded one, "and yet when you see a woman crying you can't be sure whether she has trouble or has been enjoying herself at a matinee."—Washington Star.

IN 2005.
When approached by the 200th questioner, the new arrival in Hades showed his irritation.
"Don't ask me again," cried he, "if they've finished that Panama canal."
"I won't," was the prompt reply.
"All I wish to know is this: Have they started it yet?"

THE DIFFERENCE.



"But why do you permit your daughter to sue me for breach of promise when you were so bitterly opposed to our engagement because I wasn't good enough for her and would disgrace your family?"
"Ah, that was sentiment. This is business."—Ally Sloper.

NOT ON THE INSIDE.

"So Jimmy's left dat life insurance company, hey?"
"Yes; when de reform movement started in dey chopped his salary from three a week to one-fifty."
"An' he wouldn't stand fer it?"
"In course not. He said he didn't git none of de loot."

AGGRAVATING FELLOW.

"How it is possible for you to find fault with him?"
"Why not?"
"Why, he appears to be a man who is absolutely without faults of any sort."
"Huh! that's his greatest fault."—Philadelphia Press.

FIRST PLACE HANDY.

"Why are you ringing that bell?" asked the neighbor of the pedler.
"I want to sell the gentleman a patent trousers hanger," replied the man with the satchel.
"No use. His wife is away and he hangs his trousers on the gas jet or the first place handy."—Chicago News.

THUS WAGS THE WORLD.

"There goes an example of a man getting down and out through no fault of his own."
"What's the sad tale?"
"He was a bank cashier. His fool friends got to calling him 'Honest John.' The name stuck, and after that nobody would give him a job."—Philadelphia Bulletin.

WELCOMED THE IMPROVEMENT.

Clerk (of a crowded hotel)—"The best we've got, Mr. Belknap, is a cot in an upper back hallway. Will you take that?"
Guest—"Sure. Much obliged for your offering me the best you've got in the house. I was afraid you were going to put me in that dinky first floor bedroom I had when I was here last."—Chicago Tribune.



INTEREST TO WOMEN

THE RINGS OF GRANDMOTHER.
Grandmother liked her finger rings to look neat and very refined. That is why the extraordinary showy ones of yesterday, with their huge stones and gorgeous settings, are declining in favor, and simple hoops and half-loops are coming into fashion again. The stones are cut all of the same size, and are set quite close together, so that they produce very little show, but look exceedingly well.

But that is not the only way in which the women of this generation are copying their clever grandmothers. They are displaying their jewelry in divers forms, though it must be remembered that the jewelers are not quite so generous as to permit them to wear exactly the same large brooches and wide bracelets that were modish years and years ago. That would not be at all good for trade. But it is often quite possible to have a family treasure such as cameo rose in modern guise, or to take from an ancient and too heavy bracelet the big amethyst that figured in it as the principal gem and adapt it to the requirements of the moment, say, as a pendant or brooch.

Some women occupy their time very pleasantly and profitably delving and diving into the old curiosity shops, where such things as bead necklaces, curious old girdles, set with seashore stones like agate and carnelian, and like quaint green-gaws are stored away. These they are adapting to their needs with excellent results.—London Mail.

ORDER MAN.

A new and complicated problem now confronts the housekeepers and they have taken the alarm. Most of the groceries and markets in the large cities send their men daily to the houses of their regular patrons to get orders. This system extends also to the suburban establishments.

Apartment houses frequently have a number of tenants who buy from the same place. They have an agent for their special use and the groceryman or butcher makes the rounds daily. Some men have been working long enough to know every servant in the city.

Servants apparently satisfied have grown sulky, suggested higher wages and secured them or gone. Others have complained of overwork. Some have inexplicably resigned and then made their appearance in the establishment of some neighbor.

The good name of the house-to-house man has been questioned and complaints relative to his busibodiness have gone from many sources to the storekeepers. He is almost the only survivor who might carry news from house to house and by him the information diffused throughout the fashionable residential portion of the city and in similar quarters outside the city.

Whether he will eventually go or remain depends upon the number of future disturbances that can be traced directly or indirectly to him.—New Haven Register.

TUNIC SKIRTS.

The tunic skirt, which is nothing more less than the skirt and overskirt of old, and the basque of long time memory are the two innovations that are bidding for leadership in the fashions. The tunic, as yet, preserves long, straight lines, its bottom edge often being bordered with a band of contrasting material to mark its separateness from the skirt below it. As to the basque, it is seen frequently on pretty dance frocks, dinner gowns and on ultra fashionable cloth tailor-made. In the latter capacity the basque is not popular. It is, of course, made of material like the skirt, and a cloth waist is no longer considered a thing of beauty. Made of cloth, the old-fashioned dart returns again. This can, of course, be covered with trimmings, but this style, as has been said, is not a favorite. In pretty house dresses of all sorts, however, the basque, showing to perfection the graceful lines and curves of the figure, is growing in popularity. It is always very short on the hips, and has a tail that falls in one quite deep point or in position shape.

A great many little separate coats, bodices, or what one likes to call them, are found in evening costumes over lace skirts. Some of these garments partake of the basque style, being fitted perfectly and having peplums of various sorts and lengths. The peplums are of coat shape when the bodice is of a contrasting material, and either of hip length or quite long, the tail sometimes falling in with the train. These separate bodices are made of plain or figured satins or of panne velvet, and are used over lace skirts. They add to economical possibilities for the girl of moderate income, since remnants and left-overs are more easily run into service than when a costume is all of one kind.

The suspended dress, under another title the "valentine dress," is still a favorite with the girls who show their good sense by not tiring of anything so becoming and useful.

WOMEN IN WORK.

The London Mail, drawing attention to a statement of its New York correspondent concerning the extent to which the labor of women is replacing that of men, asks: Is such a process

of substitution a good or a bad thing for the workers themselves and for the State to which they belong? If men, who generally require higher pay because they have, as a rule, to bring up a family, are crowded out of work to make way for women, who take lower wages because they are prepared to accept celibacy as their lot or because they receive from their parents as a free gift some part of their cost of living, the result would unquestionably be deplorable. It would mean that the social organism was committing slow suicide. The male portion of the population would be less and less able to marry because it would lack the wage-earning power to maintain a wife and family. The female portion would be exempt from the economic pressure which must candidly be admitted, in perhaps numerous cases, to be one of the causes that lead women to accept marriage.

Thus where women were largely employed we should expect the birth-rate to fall, as it is falling in England and the United States, and the number of unemployed male clerks to increase to enormous proportions, as it is reported to have done in England. If, however, we look at the evidence of general statistics, it is not proved that the substitution of female for male labor has gone to very serious lengths.

It would seem that while the openings for women have increased, and are increasing in the modern order of industry, the number of men employed fully keeps pace with the population. It may, too, be reasonably contended that the increased opportunities for women must have a salutary influence upon the race by placing women in a better economic position, and enabling them to insist upon a higher standard of morality and conduct in men before they will consent to give their hands. Women's labor is only mischievous when it reduces male labor to a parasitic position, as in the town of Dundee, where, owing to the fact that the competition of the low-wage countries of the East has to be faced, employers cannot pay men, and those who should be workers subsist upon the wages of their wives.—London Mail.

USEFULNESS OF WOMEN.

There is an immense amount of feminine talent and energy wasted in the world every day. This is not due to the indifference or the laziness of woman, for she is eager to do, to accomplish, to go out into the field of life and achieve for herself and for her kind. But she simply does not know how. One of the most important movements of the day, therefore, is the reawakening of woman, the building her up on a new basis of self-help and work for others. That movement will set loose an amount of energy and talent that will revolutionize our social life.

What I have to say concerns all our idle rich women, and does not apply in any way to women whose domestic requirements are as great as to preclude them from activity in other fields.

The question broadly is, Is woman's sphere of usefulness becoming enlarged? There is no doubt that woman's highest duty is the home, that her influence there is more powerful for the lasting good of mankind than anywhere else. But many women of high intelligence who are not married, or whose children have gone abroad into the world, carrying there the influence of their mothers' training to sweeten and strengthen their own homes, are bound by every law of morality to find a beneficent outlet for their powers.

The question, then, is not what our women can do, but what they must do. Now, the woman of to-day has demonstrated the quality of her talent, courage and endurance. Therefore there is no excuse for her not working. Just now, in civic affairs, her courage is perhaps a little in advance of her judgment. Her methods may not be so sophisticated, nor possibly so judicious as those of her brother, but one is safe in saying that her purposes are infinitely more idealistic than his, and her attitude decidedly less compromising.

Woman has brains, energy and courage, and no one has any moral right to waste time. Time is the most precious thing in the world, because it is the only thing that cannot be replaced when lost. Woman is responsible in proportion to the wealth and time at her command. While one woman is working for bread and butter, the other must devote her time to the amelioration of the condition of her laboring sister. This is the moral law.—Mrs. Russell Sage, in North American Review.

Children in Somaliland.

Children are regarded as a chief asset in the belongings of a Somali native. A man may have as many as four wives, and most of the patriarchs boast of tremendous families. One old chief of a tribe near Berbera was the head of a family consisting of twenty-three sons, twenty-nine daughters and 800 grandchildren. A father sells his daughters for camels and often builds up for himself a fortune in this way. The children are named according to the circumstances of their birth, as Wa Berri (born in the morning) or Bobich (born in the rain).

The lifting power of youth of seventeen years is 280 pounds.

WEATHER FORECAST:

Tomorrow Rain

THE EVENING NEWS.

TEMPERATURE TODAY:

At 3 p. m., 70 degrees.

DEVOTED TO MAKING ADA A LARGER AND MORE PROGRESSIVE CITY

VOLUME 2

ADA, INDIAN TERRITORY, MONDAY EVENING, JANUARY 22, 1906

NUMBER 262

\$30,000 STOCK Of Goods For Sale!

Beginning Thursday, January 17, and continuing for 30 days, we will sell our entire stock of dry goods, boots, shoes, hats, clothing and groceries at actual wholesale cost. Everything goes in this sale except wagons and farm implements. A large assortment of buggies is included in this cost sale. We have over-bought for the season and want to reduce our \$30,000 in the next 30 days to \$15,000. If you are "from Missouri" we can "show you" we are doing what we claim. This sale will be for spot cash--nothing will be charged--as we need the money more than we need the goods. President Roosevelt could not buy on credit from us during this sale. Opportunity knocks once at every man's door.

This is Your Opportunity

The Big Store
Reed & Harrison

CORNERSTONE OF MASONIC TEMPLE IMPRESSIVELY LAID

South McAlester, I. T., Jan. 22.—The cornerstone of one of the finest buildings in America devoted exclusively to Masonic purposes was laid in South McAlester today. Its cost is to be \$150,000. In beauty of design, richness of finish and perfection of equipment it will be absolutely unique. A procession formed at the Busby Hotel and proceeded to the site of the new temple, where the impressive Masonic ceremony of laying the cornerstone took place, followed by addresses from prominent Masons in attendance. In the evening the Master Mason's degree will be conferred in costume by the South McAlester Lodge and the remaining three days of the reunion will be devoted to the Scottish Rite work. The new building will stand on the highest point of land along the M. K. & P. Railway between Parsons, Kan., and Sherman, Tex. It will be three stories, of cream brick and Carthage stone. The cornerstone, of Indian Territory granite, will be donated by the Masons of Tishomingo. On the first floor will be a banquet room to seat 1,000 persons. On the second floor will be an auditorium to hold 1,200, with a minutely equipped stage and a magnificent pipe organ. The remainder of the structure will be devoted to class rooms and offices for the secretary and treasurer.

MANY NEGROES MANGLED IN CHURCH FIRE PANIC

Philadelphia, Jan. 22.—Eighteen persons were killed and probably half a hundred injured in a panic following the cry of fire last night in St. Paul's Colored Baptist Church, in Eighth street. The services were held on the second floor of the building. A defective flue set fire to the chimney, causing smoke to issue through the crevices in the floor near the pulpit. The room was well filled at the time and the cry "fire" coupled with the sight of the smoke threw the congregation into a panic. A wild rush was made for the stairs, despite the efforts of Rev. E. W. Johnson, the pastor, to allay the fears of the frenzied people. All wanted to get out at

THE TWO TERRITORIES IN BLIZZARDS' GRASP

From weather of the most sum mery description on Saturday, which was generally enjoyed by the people of Oklahoma and Indian Territory, the conditions changed suddenly and fiercely during the night and Sunday morning found the whole of the two Territories in the grasp of a veritable blizzard, which continued unabated in snow and wind almost throughout Monday.

Sapulpa, I. T., Jan. 22.—The first blizzard of this winter struck Sapulpa last afternoon at 3 o'clock and heavy snow is falling, with high wind from the north. It is still snowing at 9 a. m. The storm is reported to cover the entire Indian Territory.

Aidmore, I. T., Jan. 22.—The

coldest weather of the season is prevailing here. A cold wave struck this section Saturday night with great force. The past week has been the warmest for many years.

Guthrie, Ok., Jan. 22.—All Oklahoma is in the grasp of a norther, which began Saturday midnight and has raged ever since. Its effects are felt keenly as it follows two weeks of spring like weather.

Oklahoma City, Ok., Jan. 22.—A cold wave struck this section early Sunday and there has been a change of 30 degrees in the thermometer.

Wedding invitations—latest styles—turned out at the News office

POSSIBILITY OF THIRD TERM FOR ROOSEVELT

New York Jan. 22.—A Wish mington special to the Herald says Jacob A. Rus' statement declaring that President Roosevelt would run a third time if it became necessary in order to achieve the defeat of the "money power," which he believes is engaged in obstructing the President's reforms, attracted considerable attention here. In fact everything printed bearing on the President's political ambition attracts much attention, and especially importance is attached to Mr. Rus' statement that party lines will be wiped out in 1908. This is declared to be the first time the formation of a "Roosevelt party" that will sweep the President in for a third term.

Representatives here point out significant things both North and South, in justification of their belief. They say that the President has already laid the ground for a Roosevelt party in the North. He can either boss

the Republican party in New York and New England, or create a Roosevelt party, just as he chooses. In the South he is working to appease the Southern Democrats. His appointment of Gen. Luke E. Wright to be Ambassador to Tokio is regarded here as purely political. His selection of Judge Rose of Arkansas to be one of the American delegates to the second peace conference at The Hague is on the same lines. His determination to retire negroes in the South is, officeholders, so that they can make way for white men in the same line. There is a very general feeling that the President expects great things from the South, and he is seeking to hold enough Southern men in hand to carry through measures, despite Republican opposition. The Southern Democrats saved the Philippine tariff bill this week.

GOV. FRANTZ MUST PROBE THE SANITORIUM MATTER

Washington, Jan. 22.—Governor Frantz is expected to take up the sanitarium question and start something in that line very soon. He is the second governor appointed to do that work.

Ferguson was appointed on that issue; Jenkins having been fired on the same issue. The long and vicious lambasting by the president in making the change in office is easily recalled.

Ferguson went in and was to attend to it. The president had other troubles; thought no more about it. He supposed everything had been fixed up.

After four long years of Ferguson he was told that the asylum game was going on just the same. A bank had closed and the best dividends are coming from profits arising from pay for keeping asylum inmates and the service given them.

When the facts concerning the matter reached the president he was tempted to lambast Ferguson just as he had Jenkins, but it oc-

curred to him that Ferguson had been under him, had been intrusted with a certain work and trusted by him. Pouncing on Ferguson would be convicting himself of an oversight, and just there Ferguson escaped with his hide on.

Captain Frantz, long before he became governor, and before he was selected in fact, was given to understand what he was expected to do in the asylum matter. Very soon he will cause an investigation to be made; a real investigation about what to do with it when he gets the report he will take it up with the official here. There will be no surprise if the department of justice is called in and some prosecutions result.

Mr. J. H. Rose, returned to Barnett, I. T., after inspecting some land near Ada. He was glad to meet up with Judge U. G. Winn, whom he had not met since the latter was a small boy. Their families were intimate in Arkansas long ago.

THE ELECTRICAL BUSINESS

Like every other business has its styles and its fashions. Our stock of fixtures is always up to the minute. We are also prepared to render the best service in plumbing and waterworks supplies and our prices are always consistent with our services. The best is always the cheapest. We also carry a full line of steam fixtures. Your patronage solicited.

Ada Electric and Plumbing Supply Co., Phone 237

MODEL BAKERY

Fresh Bread, Cakes, Pies, Etc.
A Fine Line of Candies

116 SOUTH BROADWAY, OPPOSITE OLD POSTOFFICE

COAL! COAL!!

Midway and Henryetta fancy lump, \$6.00 per ton. Some certain party is trying to mislead the people of Ada that he is connected with the coal business. I will say to the citizens of Ada that I have no partner at all.

G. M. ANGLIN.

Phone 249. Orders Delivered to Any Part of the City

BILLIARDS

Enjoy an evening at the W. J. Wilson Billiard and Pool Parlors. Everything first class.

L. N. JAMES Mgrs. POOL

PAUL W. ALLEN, Livery, Feed and Sale Stable.

Horses Boarded by Day or Week.
Cattle, Horses, etc. boarded at special rates.
Allen Livery Barn
South Townsend Ave., Phone 64

GUS KRANNICH THE TAILOR

After all it pays to have your clothes made by an experienced tailor. If Gus Krannich makes suit for you you will never complain. Try him. Cleaning and repairing neatly done.

K. C. Tailor Shop, Ada, I. T.
(Over Freeman's Store)

The best Candies, Fruits and Cigars. Box Candies a Specialty At the Postoffice News Stand

Cheap Coal FOR CASH

Place your order for good coal with the
CRYSTAL ICE and COAL CO.
The driver is authorized to receipt you for payments
Phone No. 122

The Ada National Bank.

TOM HOPE, President; JNO. L. BARRINGER, Vice President.
FRANK JONES, Cashier. ORVILLE SNEAD, Asst. Cashier.
Capital Stock, \$50,000.00
Undivided Profits, 20,200.00
Blanks Furnished and Remittances Made to the Government on Town Lots.

ADA, CHICKASAW NATION, IND. TER.

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Tomorrow Rain

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This is Your Opportunity

The Big Store
Reed & Harrison

ALMOST TEN MILLION BALES HAVE BEEN GINNED

Dallas, Texas, Jan. 20.—The semi-monthly bale report of the National Ginner's Association, compiled yesterday, shows that 176,496 bales have been ginned from Jan. 1 to Jan. 15, 1906, inclusive. This added to the Government's last census report shows a total of 9,897,071 bales ginned during the season of 1905-06.

President J. A. Taylor, who compiled the report, stated that the cotton territory was very generally covered and the report, therefore, should be very accurate. He said:

"Some people criticize us because we always take the figures of the Government and seem to think that we ought not to add it

to our own. We don't claim that we alone are correct. Inasmuch as we are just trying to forecast what the Government report will be, it serves our purpose to use their latest official figures."

Marriage Licenses

Licenses were issued Friday to E. D. Williams, of Citra, aged 33, and Agnes Cochran, of Conway, aged 19, and to Edgar West, 21, and Ethel Ensley, 18, both of York. The former couple were married in the office by Deputy Clerk Constant.

Everybody

The subject of the sermon by Rev. Fitzgerald at the Baptist Church tomorrow (Sunday) at 11 o'clock will be "How May I Know that I am a Christian." You are cordially invited.

WILLIAM J. BRYAN OF THE SAME OPINION STILL

—After leaving the Philippine islands on his way to visit India, W. J. Bryan made the following statement to the Associated Press:

"My visit to the Philippines has been very interesting and instructive and I appreciate the facilities afforded me by the civil and military authorities for a thorough investigation of the Filipinos. This has enabled me

to collect much knowledge which I hope to use for the benefit of the American people and the Filipinos.

"The promise given by the rising generation of the natives to use the English language surpasses my expectations more than anything else.

"My views regarding the independence of the islands have not changed."

BUREAU OF STATISTICS MUST BE MUCH IMPROVED

Charles Hallam Keep, assistant secretary of the treasury and chairman of the so-called Keep commission on department methods, has submitted to the president the commission's reports of investigation of the methods employed by the bureau of statistics of the department of agriculture in estimating crops and especially the cotton crop.

The report says that in every instance, except in the case of three cotton reports in the last six years, the bureau of statistics estimates have been under-estimates. The under-estimating has been especially great in the case of cereal crops and live stock. The conclusion of the commission is that the methods of the bureau of statistics must be greatly improved or the service discontinued.

The report makes various suggestions looking to improvement of the service. It says that crop conditions should be expressed in percentages without fractions. It recommends that in the case of cotton the percentage figure of condition be converted into bales of indicated weight by a well known commercial formula. It recommends the transfer of

the determination of the cotton acreage planted from the bureau of statistics to the bureau of the census.

An important recommendation of the report is that the bureau of statistics, in the case of cotton, confine its work to its monthly reports expressing the condition of the growing crop during the growing season.

Discussing the ginning statistics of the census bureau, the report reaches the conclusion that the earlier reports of ginning cover so small a proportion of the crop as to be without value. It recommends that no ginning report be issued before the middle of October.

The Revival.

The revival continues with great interest. Friday night there was a good congregation.

There will be no service today nor tonight. The evangelists and workers will take a rest day.

Through the courtesy and invitation of Bro Chandler and the church the evangelists will hold the morning service at the Baptist church. The subject for 11 a. m. will be "How May I Know That I am a Christian." At 3:00 p. m. there will be a young people's service.

Sunday night will close the services.

INDIANS CLAMOR FOR SALE OF MINERAL LANDS

Washington, Jan. 20.—Whether the disposition which the Curtis bill as amended and passed by the House seeks to make of the mineral lands in the Choctaw and Chickasaw Nations will receive the approval of the Senate is regarded as doubtful. The change, made somewhat suddenly, is said to be satisfactory to the lessees.

But if reports received in Washington are correct, this solution of the matter is highly unsatisfactory to the Indians who own these lands. It was said telegrams had been received stating that a delegation represent-

ing the two tribes would arrive here next week to begin a vigorous campaign against the amended bill in the Senate.

The Indians, it is said, desire to have the coal lands sold and the money distributed among the citizens. If the Curtis bill should become a law and should remain intact it will be eighteen years before the coal lands may be sold. It provides that they shall not be disposed of until all the leases shall have expired and the last of these will not terminate until about 1924. The present lessees, therefore, would not be disturbed.

BIG STATEHOOD BATTLE PROBABLE NEXT WEEK

Washington, Jan. 20.—The announcement came from the Speaker's room last afternoon while the House sitting as a committee of the whole was considering the deficiency bill, that the statehood bill is to be reported Tuesday and the rule to insure its passage without dismemberment Wednesday.

The announcement was a surprise to the insurgents. To Mr. Babcock, chief insurgent, it was also disquieting. Immediately he started out on an inspection of his heroic band, and when he got back he reported complacently that it remained in solid phalanx, eager for battle in the cause of parliamentary liberty. So, if the Speaker is not feinting for the purpose of uncovering the enemy's strength, the battle against the autocracy of the Committee on Rules is scheduled for Wednesday.

Presbyterian Church.

Preaching tomorrow at 11 a. m. by the pastor. Theme: "The Church of God." No preaching at night on account of the protracted meeting. An opportunity to join the church will be given at the morning service. Strangers in the city are given a cordial invitation to worship with us.

John A. Williams, Pastor.

Frisco Promotions.

T. R. Griffith of St. Louis, traveling auditor of the Frisco, is in the city making a transfer of cashiers at the station. W. C. Slocum is promoted from cashier to an agency, the location of which is not announced. His place will be taken by H. R. Mayreiss, heretofore clerk.

Brakeman Killed.

A brakeman on the Frisco local freight going north was fatally hurt at Scullin last night about 12:40. He died at 4 o'clock this morning. His name was H. L. Wilkinson.

THE ELECTRICAL BUSINESS

like every other business has its styles and its fashions. Our stock of fixtures is always up to the minute. We are also prepared to render the best service in plumbing and waterworks supplies and our prices are always consistent with our services. The best is always the cheapest. We also carry a full line of steam fixtures. Your patronage solicited.

Ada Electric and Plumbing Supply Co., Phone 237

MODEL BAKERY

Fresh Bread, Cakes, Pies, Etc.
A Fine Line of Candies

116 SOUTH BROADWAY, OPPOSITE OLD POSTOFFICE

COAL! COAL!!

Midway and Henryetta fancy lump, \$6.00 per ton. Some certain party is trying to mislead by telling the people of Ada that he is connected with me in the coal business. I will say to the citizens of Ada that I have no partner at all.

G. M. ANGLIN.

Phone 249. Orders Delivered to Any Part of the City

BILLIARDS

Enjoy an evening at the W. J. Wilson Billiard and Pool Parlors. Everything first class.

L. N. JAMES Mgrs. POOL ...

PAUL W. ALLEN,

Livery, Feed and Sale Stable.

Horses Boarded by Day or Week.
Satisfaction Guaranteed. Best of Service.

Allen Livery Barn

South Townsend Ave., Phone 64.

GUS KRANNICH THE TAILOR

After all it pays to have your clothes made by an experienced tailor. If Gus Krannich makes a suit for you you will never complain. Try him. Cleaning and repairing neatly done.

K. C. Tailor Shop. Ada, I. T.

(Over Freeman's Store)

The best Candies, Fruits and Cigars.

Box Candies a Specialty

At the Postoffice News Stand

Cheap Coal FOR CASH

Place your order for good coal with the

CRYSTAL ICE and COAL CO.

The driver is authorized to receipt you for payments.

Phone No. 122

The Ada National Bank.

TOM HOPE, President. JNO. L. BARRINGER, Vice President.
FRANK JONES, Cashier. ORVILLE SNEAD, Asst. Cashier.

Capital Stock, \$50,000.00
Undivided Profits, 20,200.00

Blanks Furnished and Remittances Made to the Government on Town Lots.

ADA, CHICKASAW NATION, IND. TER.

ADA EVENING NEWS.

OFFICIAL CITY PAPER.

OTIS B. WEAVER PUBLISHER
M. D. STEINER, BUSINESS MANAGER

Entered as Second class matter March 26, 1904, at the Postoffice at Ada, Indian Territory, under the Act of Congress March 3, 1879.

Advertising rates furnished on application.

ARIZONA'S PROTEST.

We of Oklahoma and Indian Territory see an abundance of iniquity in the omnibus bill simply in the way it imperils our prospects for any statehood. But its injustice grows apace when we consider the wrongs to Arizona involved in this infamous measure of party expediency.

After mentioning some minor objections to union with New Mexico urged by the Arizonians, the Washington Times adds:

"But their real objection lies deeper than any of these things. They do not want to unite with a people as foreign to them as the Apaches.

The truth of the matter is that New Mexico is not American. It is Greaser. A great many Americans have settled there, it is true, and the allegiance of her people is nowhere questioned—but the Mexicans outnumber the Americans eight to five, and the state speaks Spanish. Forty of the seventy members of her legislature are Mexicans. Interpreters are needed in every court in the territory.

This is the milk in the cocoanut. To anyone who has even seen a "Greaser," his broad, silver-embroidered hat down over his eyes, a cigarette hanging from his lips and his knife in his belt, no further explanation will be needed. If Arizona's only hope of statehood lies in being outvoted by such as these she does well to say: "Let us alone to grow." She is great and rich now. Irrigation is making her vastly richer. A swift development is sure. And she ought not be yoked with a foreign people distasteful to her from every point of view without her consent.

Let congress make New Mexico a separate state—if the two houses choose. But Arizona should be left alone."

Now we shall see what Walker has done.

At Tulsa's great Sewer Banquet things must have flowed freely.

If congress is determined not to remove any restrictions upon the sale of Indian land it does not matter much anyhow, this statehood business.

If the insurgents should win out and have Arizona and New Mexico cut out, in line with the McGuire bill, Delegate McGuire will be the biggest republican in the West.

EVIDENTLY that separate farmers' union just organized at South McAlester is not so numerically strong as desired by the secessionists, else there would have been more information in the news dispatches relative to the number of delegates and number of lodges represented.

HOUSE MARKET BRISK

CATS ALSO WANTED AT LOGANS-PORT, IND.

Demand for Motive Power in a Drug Store Window Starts Novel Industry for Small Boys—Quotations Fluctuate.

Logansport, Ind.—Mice and cat quotations are likely to be features of local market reports if fluctuations continue as sharp as they have been here for two or three days.

The mouse market took an unexpected upward start the other day, but on account of liberal receipts later a bear movement followed. Cats were brisk and kittens lively. Ratty looking rats were a drug on the market, and only prime mice are wanted at any price. The price of cats is rising, however, and the supply, while large, is unequal to the demand.

Hoimer Closson & Co., a drug firm, are holding up the mouse market. The cats are being bought by tenants of the building he occupies. The demand for both grew out of an idea matured with intent to cut down electric power bills.

Closson is the Armour of the mouse business. He used an electric fan in his show window to keep it from frosting over. The current cost money. Closson figured out that a mouse on a treadmill would do the same work as a \$500,000 municipal electric plant. He rigged up an endless belt, baited with cheese.

But the mice seemed to have heard of his plan to put them to work. They became as scarce as snakes in Ireland. Closson put a sign in his window:

WANTED! Healthy, Able-Bodied Mice to Work for Their Living.

Will Pay One Cent Apiece.

Then he awaited results. Nothing materialized. The next day a voice over the telephone asked: "What are you paying for mice to-day?"

"I'll give you five cents apiece," replied Closson. In due time a small boy, with 37 mice appeared and departed with \$1.85. The mice began their endless grind upgrade toward the never attainable cheese. Closson reared the fan to the mouse motor and disconnected the electricity.

The mice were non-union. They worked all day and half the night trying to reach two cents' worth of cheese. Then they fell exhausted. Closson's fan stopped, the windows began to frost over, and the sign was changed to read "Five cents apiece."

All the small boys in Cass county seemed to have been holding off for an advance. They arrived with enough mice to keep the fan working

in quadruple shift a few years' day and night. The price of mice fell in proportion. Closson would buy only "selected stock." The rest were turned loose by the boys who preferred this to taking them back to the toddler stacks where they had been captured. Simultaneously there came protests from adjoining bakeries and flats. One man in a half bedroom hung out a sign offering to pay 30 cents each for cats that would rid his premises of the cast-off mice and those that had begun to gnaw their way out of Closson's cage.

A procession of small boys lugging reluctant tabbies passed up the stairs until the cat market developed a bear tendency. The neighbors of the "cat buyer of finance" picked up bargains in mousers all the way from a quarter to a dime.

The day's trading closed with markets firm on both cats and mice, and with non-union workers still toiling to reach the top of the treadmill—and, incidentally, keeping the frost from the store windows.

HAS PENCIL IN HER BRAIN.

Little Girl Lives with Skull Pierced by Slate—Fired from Pistol.

Atlantic City, N. J.—Surgeons are puzzled and interested with the vitality shown by Bessie Aug, the 13-year-old patient in the city hospital, who lives with a slate pencil imbedded in the lower part of the brain. The physicians called a consultation and carefully examined the child, with the intention of performing an operation, but it is such an unusual case and requires such a delicate and difficult operation, with but a small chance of saving her life, that they hesitate.

The child gains consciousness frequently, and manages to occasionally recognize some of her relatives or friends who call to see her. A sad Christmas was passed by her mother, who called to see her and spent several hours beside the suffering daughter. She came to her senses for a few moments and made an effort to speak, but failed. Death, say the physicians, may ensue at any moment. John Adams, the lad who fired the pencil from a pistol into the girl's head, is still in the custody of his parents.

American Exports to Orient.

There was a remarkable increase last year in American exports to China and Japan. In ten months the exports to China have been \$50,000,000, compared with \$20,000,000 in the previous year, and to Japan the total for the same time has jumped from \$22,000,000 to \$46,500,000. Our Pacific ferriage to those countries is direct and Europe cannot hope to compete with it in distance and cheapness.

GORGEOUS PARIS FUNERAL.

Rich Old Woman Directs That \$14,000 Be Spent on Her Burial at French Capital.

Paris.—A rich old woman of the Rue Vaugirard who died recently, ordered her executors to spend \$14,000 on her funeral. Accordingly the executors of her will gave her the most gorgeous funeral ever seen in this city. Her body was embalmed by famous surgeons, her coffin was the most expensive that could be bought, and the service, which took place in the Church of St. Sulpice, was the most elaborate that the ceremonial of the church would allow. Thousands of persons assembled on the great square to get a glimpse of the magnificent funeral carriage and elaborate appointments, and many of them went as far as the burial ground so as not to miss any part of the spectacle.

Notwithstanding all they had done, the executors found when they went to pay the bills that the total expense did not quite reach the amount stipulated. Therefore they ordered that the great stairway of the apartment house in which the woman had lived should be draped in black and silver for a certain period. To this the other tenants strenuously objected, and one who was going to give a reception had recourse to the courts to have the objectionable ornaments removed. Now he is suing for damages, and it is probable when the courts are through with the case the rich woman's property will have been taxed much more than the original \$14,000.

STEALS OCEAN'S SECRETS.

De Plury, Who Has Descended to Greater Depths Than Any Diver, Tells of Sights.

Paris.—A young naval engineer named De Plury diving in connection with the examination now going on of the French vessel sunk near Saigon has made remarkable discoveries concerning the inhabitants of the ocean at a greater depth than has ever before been reached.

De Plury's diving has been made possible by his accoutrements—an invention of his own—which are armored with metal plates, while by a chemical arrangement respiration becomes automatic. At a depth of 1,094 yards De Plury declares that all submarine monsters change in shape because of the enormous pressure of the water. If taken to the surface, their size is quadrupled like a rubber bag inflated by air. Bodies that sink to these deeper levels have every bone broken. The creatures that circle about them are all carnivorous, and to see them feeding is an indescribable horror.

When 162 feet below the surface the diver says he must go through masses of seaweed that envelop and would drag him down. Beneath this weed snake-like creatures and fish resembling dolphins surrounded him, and not the least of his adversaries were the giant crabs with tough shells and hideous claws.

At 30 feet below the surface De Plury gets odd effects in light. Seen through the pale, moving water, it assumes strange rainbow hues. At a depth of 129 feet the sandy bottom of the sea in intense sunlight looked like molten gold. Below 200 feet darkness commences, and at 327 pitchy darkness surrounds one that must be illuminated to make moving safe. Electric lamps of 1,000 candle-power are used by De Plury.

The diver says that at a certain depth bodies are kept in a state of preservation, but when touched drop away like powder.

He tells gruesome tales of the wrecks he has visited among them the treasure ship that was taking Napoleon's gold to Holland in 1868. One hundred million of gold sank at that time, and little more than half has been recovered.

Boat Riding in Air.

Row, row, row your boat gently down the air is the way one must do with the new aerial rowboat. It has a gas bag roughly cigar-shaped, whose equator is much nearer the front of the bag than usual, and a light frame work supports the occupant. It is raised and lowered, propelled forward and backward by the use of a pair of wing-like oars. By the use of weights the bag can be made to raise just an additional weight half a pound less than that of the occupant. Then gravity is overcome by the use of the oars. Anyone who understands how to row can operate the aerial rowboat, but so far no experienced aeronaut has tried the machine, although several hundred people have rowed up and down the park in Los Angeles, Cal., where the boat is being tested. The bag is 37 feet long and 15 feet wide at the equator. To raise the car and an occupant weighing 150 pounds 2,500 cubic feet of gas is sufficient. A speed of from four to six miles an hour has been attained by good oarsmen.

Woman Whaler.

The wife of a whaling captain recently proceeded to sea with her husband, from New Bedford, Mass., on a two years' cruise, she having signed articles as assistant navigator, and being entitled to wages and bonus. Actually she will do the navigating, working out the bark's position every day, and if anything befell her husband she would be capable of taking the vessel home. "The only woman sailor who goes to the whaling grounds," is the title conferred on the captain's wife. The women of New Bedford gave her a reception shortly before she sailed and eight retired captains escorted her out of the harbor.

PETITIONS FOR TROUSERS.

Boy Uses Novel Method to Induce Parents to Take Him Out of Knickerbockers.

Chicago.—Municipal ownership and referendum petition advocates have their eyes on the home of N. Banks Cregier, son of a former mayor of Chicago. Ellsworth B. Cregier, the 15-year-old boy of the home, who secured the name of 50 experienced fathers and mothers to a petition asking his parents to take him from knickerbockers and provide long trousers, will probably run for alderman in his ward if his unique method of carrying his point is successful.

Ellsworth is a student of the Lake View high school, where he says he is ridiculed because he still wears short trousers, although he is five feet five and one-half inches tall. He tried to induce his mother and father to secure long trousers for him, but to no avail. They said he had to wait eight months more, until his sixteenth birthday.

Rather than continue a sufferer in the Pauntleroy bloomers, he circulated the following petition among the tenants of the Nordica building at 736 Fullerton avenue, where the Cregier family lives:

"To Mrs. N. B. Cregier: We, the undersigned, do most earnestly advise and request the application of long pants to Ellsworth B. Cregier as a public necessity, he being in his sixteenth year (or nearly so) and five feet five and one-half inches in height by measurement, and to this end we affix our signature."

When everybody in the building had signed young Cregier went outside to other friends. He soon got 50 names. The petition was presented and the long trousers obtained.

EARTH TO RESEMBLE MARS

Flammarion Believes Martians Have Reached Stage of Development Undreamt Of.

Paris.—Camille Flammarion, the famous author and astronomer, in an interview in one of the Paris papers, draws an extremely attractive picture of life in Mars. After pointing out that no one can predict what weather Mars will have next week, while it is known to an utmost certainty what kind of weather Mars will have a fortnight in advance, Flammarion goes on to say that there are many advantages in favor of the Martians.

First of all, he says, it would be difficult for any human species to be less intelligent than ours, seeing that we do not know how to control ourselves. A second reason is that progress is an absolute law which nothing can resist, and as the inhabitants of Mars are older than we are, they may represent what we shall be in several millions of years. A third circumstance in their favor is that they are in a better position than we are to free themselves from the heaviness of matter. Martians weigh less and their years are twice as long as those on earth. Finally, climatic conditions on Mars appear to be much more agreeable.

Flammarion declares that the hypothesis that Mars is inhabited by an intellectual race, much superior to our own is growing stronger every year as astronomical observations become more and more precise.

KITE IN AIRSHIP FLIGHT.

Canadian Ascends in Safety with Prof. Bell's Invention—Calls It "Easiest King."

Halifax, N. S.—Prof. Alexander Graham Bell thinks he is a step nearer the attainment of his ambition to perfect a flying machine based on the tetrahedral kite principle. He has been experimenting in this direction for several years on his estate of Belin Brough, Cape Breton.

Recently he succeeded in getting his latest designed kite, which he has named "Easiest King," to lift Neil McDearmid, weighing 165 pounds, to a height of 30 feet, and support him there as steadily as if glued to the sky. This kite is named in honor of Walter Archer Frost, of Keenan, Wis., who recently was married to Miss Susan Winifred McCurdy, Mr. Bell's private secretary.

The kite, which is constructed of 1,300 tetrahedral cells having a total area of 752 square feet of silk, making a supporting surface of 440 square feet, carried aloft not only its own weight of 61 pounds, but also a load comprising flying lines, dangling ropes and a rope ladder, making 62 pounds more, together with McDearmid, a man of 165 pounds, a total altogether of 228 pounds.

Imports in 1905.

The total appraised value of merchandise handled by Appraiser Whitehead of the United States customs office at New York last year was \$705,011,497, an increase of \$72,500,000 over 1904, according to a statement. The chief lines of foreign merchandise and their appraised values were: Sugar, \$71,000,000; wool and woolen goods, \$64,000,000; coffee and cocoa, \$60,000,000; precious stones and pearls, \$37,000,000; cigars and tobacco, \$15,000,000; wines and liquors, \$11,000,000, and 1,054 automobiles, valued at \$4,000,000.

Eccentric, That's All.

Mrs. Burke-Roche's father says he will disinherit her if she doesn't pay him more respect and live within her allowance of \$60,000 a year. He is an old man now, and the lady will probably regard his closeness as one of the eccentricities of advanced age.

Ada Opera House

Blind Headache

"About a year ago," writes Mrs. Mattie Allen, of 1123 Broadway, Augusta, Ga., "I suffered with blind, sick headaches and backaches, and could get no relief until I tried

WINE OF CARDUI

Woman's Relief

I immediately commenced to improve, and now I feel like a new woman, and wish to recommend it to all sick women, for I know it will cure them, as it did me."

WRITE US FREELY

and frankly, describing your symptoms. We will consider your case and give you free advice (in plain sealed envelope). Don't hesitate, but write today. Address: Ladies' Advisory Dept., The Chattanooga Medicine Co., Chattanooga, Tenn.

Cardui is pure, medicinal extract of vegetable herbs, which relieves female pains, regulates female functions, tones up the organs to a proper state of health. Try it for your trouble. Every druggist sells it in \$1.00 bottles.

HEALTH AND VITALITY

DR. MORRIS' NERVE-AND-BRAIN PILLS

The greatest brain and tonic pill and restorative for men and women, promotes strength, vitality, and builds up the system and repairs the nerves. It is a powerful brain tonic, and a powerful nerve restorative. For sale in all drug stores.

To Aid the Southwest

Have you seen the new magazine, *Southwest*? It is published in St. Louis (formerly the Frisco Magazine). It is published by a Southwest man, contains stories of the Southwest and articles of interest to Southwest people, contributed by Southwest writers. It circulates in the Southwest, and contains the advertisements of Southwest firms. It will aid the Southwest in all her aims—for more people, for more factories, for advantageous legislation—for investment, immigration and irrigation.

Aid the work and benefit yourself by subscribing. Send 50c. for a year, 25c. for six months, or a postal for a sample copy FREE. We also answer free of charge, inquiries from persons interested in settling or investing in the Southwest and furnish advertising rates on application. Address

Southwest, 1021 Frisco Building, St. Louis

Otis B. Weaver

Fire Insurance Agent

Represents several old line companies with practically unlimited capital, all of whom will positively meet any rate and in some instances write fire insurance much cheaper.

With such companies, several years experience and an expert fire writer in office, your business is solicited.

Otis B. Weaver

Fire Insurance Agent

LOCAL NEWS

Subscribe for The News.

H. Shelton went south on Frisco last night.

Dr. Bisant, dentist, phone 185. 1198

A. F. Lanier and family of Conway took the train for Madill.

See P. K. Smith for up-to-now photo work. 152-11

J. W. Dean arrived home from a trip south.

For fine confectionery and fruits the Elite leads. 26t 244

J. H. Smith of Roff was shopping in town.

Mr. and Mrs. S. W. Lanham were in from Center today.

The Elite Cafe serves the best short orders in the city. 26t 244

Governor Byrd returned from a trip to Oklahoma City.

J. E. McLaughlin was in town from Sulphur.

Dr. B. H. Erb, surgeon dentist, Henley & Biles building. 233 11

M. Troy of Paris, Texas, is registered at the Harris.

A. M. Waddell of Roff was in town.

W. A. Alexander and little niece came in from Stonewall to spend Sunday.

Wedding announcements—the up-to-date kind—at the News office.

Miss Myrtle Umphress, after visiting Miss Alma Sims, returned to Claremore.

Mr. Byron Hill of Whitesboro, Texas, stopped over to see his old friend, Rev. Chandler.

Frank Jones returned home this morning from a several days' visit in Texas.

Wedding invitations—late styles—turned out at the News office.

Mrs. W. M. Wilson came down from Francis today to visit her daughters.

Mrs. Mary Lancaster returned today from a visit with her son, Tom Lancaster, at Parkell.

R. J. McCain, a good citizen of Europa, Miss., is a new subscriber to Ada's great weekly.

Dr. S. A. Steel will fill the Methodist pulpit Sunday forenoon by reason of the sickness of Pastor Rippey.

Mrs. D. Ryne, who has been visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Blocker, returned to Sulphur today.

W. A. Hollifield and W. G. Broadfoot got home this forenoon from the hardware men's convention at Kansas City.

FOR RENT—Two fine rooms for light housekeeping; also room for young men; one block of town. See Nash, at shoe store. 253-11

Miss Ella Snelson, who has been the guest of Mrs. Ross of North Ada, returned home to Roff this forenoon.

Mr. and Mrs. D. F. Armistead of Ft. Worth, who have been visiting Mr. Lem Burford and family, returned home today.

Mrs. W. J. Martin and little son, Will Brown, returned home today after a month's visit at her old Kentucky home.

Miss Myrtle Umphress of Madill came up yesterday afternoon for a short visit with her friend, Miss Alma Sims.

Get your baking powder and one of those special premiums at The Union Pacific Tea store. Goods delivered to any part of the city. Phone 52. 4t 255

A. B. McBride of Ada took advantage of the clubbing rates and subscribed for the Ada Weekly News and the Dallas Weekly News.

Just received a nice line of spring dress goods, also a beautiful line of sofa pillow cords, zephyrs and other fancy work materials at Westcott's. 4t 259

Buy your coffee, tea, extracts and spices of the Union Pacific Tea Co. and get some of those handsome presents. Goods delivered to any part of the city. 4t 258

J. N. Merriman and children arrived today from Mayfield, Ken., to make their home in this country. He was looking for his son, H. P., who lives about four miles out.

Rev. Williams has returned from a meeting of the Board of Trustees of Austin College at Sherman. He reports a fine body of students and a prosperous year of college work by an able faculty in his alma mater.

Mr. J. P. Porter, from Bolivar county, Miss., has recently purchased property in North Ada and established a home in our midst. We heartily welcome him and his family to the city. He will keep in touch with his new neighbors through the Evening News.

For Sale.

I will sell at private sale my household goods, are all nearly new, as follows:

One \$75 bed room suit, two iron beds, springs and mattresses. One chiffonier.

Three center tables. Cot and mattress. Childs bed. Carpets and matting.

Two rockers, dining table, chairs. Cook stove and cabinet.

One nearly new Wilson heater. One Buck's heater.

Jo Gill. 2t 260

Better Service On M. K. & T.

The public will be gratified to learn that the M. K. & T. will on Sunday make such changes in its schedule as to provide much better service between Oklahoma City and Atoka. It is made public, the new time card between Oklahoma City and the North, but it is not learned exactly what change will follow on the Atoka line.

Attention Carpenters.

All members of Local Union No. 1752 are earnestly requested to meet at Labor Hall Wednesday night, Jan. 24, 1906. Business of importance demands your attention.

Come, regardless of your standing. And all others who are in favor of United Brotherhood, come. 4t 260

N. T. Tucker, F. S.

LADIES! I make from \$18 to \$30 per week and want you to have the same opportunity. The work is very pleasant and will pay for even your spare time. I speak from experience, as I have often made \$10 in a single day. This is no deception. I want no money and will gladly send full particulars free to all. Address, Mrs. W. W. Mitchell, Box 10, Portland, Maine 1t 260

Died.

Alfred Turnbo, of North Ada, died this morning of typhoid pneumonia. He was eighteen years of age and has been working as hostler for Dr. Brownall. Interment will take Sunday at 11 a. m. in Rosedale Cemetery.

Accept No Substitute.

There is nothing just as good for malaria, chills and fever as Dr. Mendenhall's Chill and Fever Cure. Take it as a general tonic and at all times in place of quinine. If it fails to give satisfaction Clark Drug Co. will refund your money.

Annual Convention Retail Hardware and Implement Dealers Association of Texas, Dallas, Texas, January 23 to 25, 1906. For this occasion the Frisco will sell tickets at \$6.50 for the round trip. Tickets on sale Jan. 22, 23 and 24, limit for return Jan. 27th, 1906. I. McNair, Agent, Ada, I. T.

Cheap Rates to Denver.

Will sell daily until May 31st round trip tickets to the above point at greatly reduced rates. Tickets limited to May 31st, except tickets sold during month of May to be limited thirty days. For full information see Frisco agent or address I. McNair, Agent, Ada, I. T. D. C. Farrington, T. P. A., Oklahoma City, Okla. F. E. Clark, D. P. A., Wichita, Kansas.

For Cash ONLY

50-lb U. S. Flour.....\$1.20
50-lb Gilt Edge Flour.....1.00
Corn per can.....50
White Swan Corn per can.....10c
3 cans Pumpkin.....25c
3 cans Blackberries 25c or 6 for 45c
3 cans Strawberries 25c or 6 for 45c
3 cans Gooseberries 25c or 6 for 45c
2 cans Muscat Grapes.....25c
2 cans Table Peaches.....25c
3 cans Green Gage Plums.....25c
20 lb Lima Beans.....\$1.00
1-gal can Scuders Maple Syrup \$1.20
50-lb can Lard.....\$4.00

Will Sell Anything We Have at Cost.

R. S. TOBIN.

Stoking Shivering Fits

of ague and Malaria, can be relieved and cured with Electric Bitters. This is a pure, tonic medicine; of especial benefit in malaria, for it exerts a true curative influence on the disease, driving it entirely out of the system. It is much to be preferred to quinine, having none of this drug's bad after effects. E. S. Munday, of Henrietta, Texas, writes: "My brother was very low with malarial fever and jaundice, till he took Electric Bitters, which saved his life. At Clark Drug Co., and Dr. F. Z. Holley. Price 50c, guaranteed."

Spoiled Her Beauty.

Harriet Howard, of 209 W. 34, St., New York, at one time had her beauty spoiled with skin trouble. She writes: "I had salt rheum or eczema for years, but nothing would cure it, until I used Bucklen's Arnica Salve." A quick and sure healer for cuts, burns and sores. 25c at Clark Drug Store, and Dr. F. Z. Holley.

Doctors Indorse it

Lang Bros., Druggists, Paducah, Ky., write: "We sell more of Dr. Mendenhall's Chill and Fever Cure than all other remedies combined, having, retailed over 700 bottles in one season. Physicians here prescribe it and persons who once use it have no other. Sold by Clark Drug Co."

Greatly in Demand.

Nothing is more in demand than a medicine which meets modern requirements for a blood and system cleanser, such as Dr. King's New Life Pills. They are just what you need to cure stomach and liver troubles. Try them. At Clark Drug Co., and "Here lies mine babe, as dead as nits, Whom Gott has killed mit ager fits. He would not let him live mit me. So took him up to live mit He." The child would have lived had he been given Dr. Mendenhall's Chill and Fever Cure. Sold by Clark Drug Co.

Peter Schuttler wagon will give you satisfaction, Reed & Harrison. 19-11

Great Bargains in REAL ESTATE

I have the following bargains in real estate which if taken in the next 30 days will be sold at reduced prices:

IMPROVED PROPERTY. Four 25-foot lots on East Main St. One lot and building known as the mayor's office.

VACANT PROPERTY. Two 50-foot lots on West Main St. 10-acre block adjoining Ada, with new 5-room house and outbuildings. Two 50-foot lots on East Sixth St.

J. M. BRUNNER, Citizens National Bank Building.

DR. THOS. H. GRANGER, D. D. S., Manager, DOSS & GRANGER Pioneer Dental Office ESTABLISHED 1901. OVER FIRST NATIONAL BANK. PHONE 211.

HENRY M. FURMAN, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW. Will do a general Civil and Criminal Practice. Office in Duncan Building.

WANTS

FOR SALE—An old stove, good for another year or two, for \$1.00. Ada News. 2t 261

FOR RENT—5-room house on 16th street. \$10 per month. H. C. Thompson, over Ada Nat'l Bank. 5t 258

FOR RENT—Two fine rooms for light housekeeping; also room for young men; one block of town. See Nash, at shoe store. 253-11

FOR SALE—Mules to sell on time. U. G. Winn. 11 250

FOR SALE—Two large fine mules; one nearly new three inch wagon; one set splendid wagon harness, for cash. Apply to Sol Moss. 246-11

Again We Have Low Rates

To Washington, D. C. and return, account Joint Statehood Delegation, via the Frisco System. The Frisco selected as the official route.

Rate: One fare for round trip. Date: January 25th, 1906.

Limit: 30 days.

From: All stations in Oklahoma and Indian Territory.

Through Cars. For further particulars call on your Frisco Agent or write,

L. C. Farrington, T. P. A., Oklahoma City, Okla.

F. E. Clark, D. P. A., Wichita, Kansas.

Excursions to Florida and Cuba.

Will sell daily until April 30th 1906, low rate round trip tickets from all stations to certain points in Florida and Cuba, also to certain points in Alabama, Georgia, Louisiana, Mississippi and South Carolina. Return limit, June 1st 1906. Through sleepers and Fred Harvey meals.

Let us furnish you rates, schedules, descriptive literature and other information.

I. McNair, Agent, Ada, I. T.

F. E. Clark, D. P. A., Wichita, Kansas.

TIME OF TRAINS ADA, I. T. THE RIGHT TRAINS BETWEEN

St. Louis, Kansas City, Junction City, Oklahoma City, In the North, and all points beyond.

Houston, Dallas, Fort Worth, San Antonio, Galveston, In Texas, and all points beyond.

NORTH BOUND. No. 112 Express, daily.....4 05 p m

No. 564 Local, except Sunday.....11 53 a m

SOUTH BOUND. No. 111 Express, daily.....11 53 a m

No. 563 Local, except Sunday.....3 16 p m

PROTECT YOUR BOOKS!

They're too valuable to be strewn about the room or house exposed to dust and damage! Of course you can't help it if your book-cases are full and of the old style solid construction. Better get rid of such a case, or start a new one that will always accommodate your books without being either too large or too small—one that grows with your library and always fits it. The

Globe-Wernicke

"Elastic" Book-Case

is the original and only up-to-date sectional book-case and is made by the largest manufacturers of such goods in the world. It's furnished in a variety of grades, sizes and prices, adapted to any and all requirements. It's a system of units, each unit fitted with the perfection dust-proof roller-bearing door. But we'll be glad to show them if you call, or will send illustrated catalogue on request.

Sold By

W. C. DUNCAN.

CITY BARBER SHOP, D. A. DORSEY, Prop. First Class Work Guaranteed. Hair Cut 25c, Shave 10c. South Side Main St., Ada, I. T.

ADA STEAM LAUNDRY CO. Is given up to be best. Do Largest Agency Work of any plant in this Territory.

Reed & Harrison Wholesale Buggies The Best Makes; the Lowest Prices.

COAL! COAL!

REMEMBER we are still in the Coal Business and handle the best grades of Lehigh and McAlester Coal, and will sell it on a close margin. We also carry in stock stove, heater and cord wood. PHONE 246.

ADA COAL CO.

FOLLOW THE CROWD

They are going to get their fall suits and trousers at the

NEW TAILOR

shop in the rear of CHAPMAN'S shoe store. Swell, est, snappiest line of woollens ever shown in Ada, so cheap too.

Quality and fit guaranteed. High class cleaning, steam dyeing, ladies' and mens' clothing.

NASH, the Tailor.

TIME CARD. Ada, Ind. Ter.

EAST BOUND TRAINS.

No. 510 Meteor, 4:45 p. m.

No. 512 Eastern Exp., 9:45 a. m.

No. 542 Local Freight, 8:45 p. m.

WEST BOUND TRAINS.

No. 509 Meteor, 9:00 a. m.

No. 511 Texas Pass, 9:05 p. m.

No. 541 Local Freight, 7:45 a. m.

Local freight trains carry passengers provided with permits. Ten per cent saved on the purchase of round trip tickets.

I. McNair, Agent.

Golf Tournament.

Mexico City, Mexico, January 1906. For this occasion the Frisco will make rate of one one fare for the round trip. Tickets on sale Jan. 1st, to 12th, inclusive.

Final limit for return Feb. 28th, 1906. I. McNair Agt, Ada, I. T.

THE NICKEL STORE

SMALL PROFITS

QUICK SALES CASH

We do not sell on credit to anyone, no matter how wealthy or how honest. Please do not embarrass us by asking. We have moved to Main street, third door from Rollow's corner. A better home in which to show our goods.

Our Stationery Department

This is, has been and will be one of the most successful in the store. We sell pens, ink, mucilage, glue, composition books, ledgers, journals, day books. Tablets, both for pencil and ink, ruled or unruled.

5c

We also in this department keep slates, slate pencils, ink stands, school boxes and school supplies. Come here for your school books. Any book used in town or country and we can save you money on them.

A complete, always up-to-date line of novels; standard authors

10c

Small Things

Hair pins, wire and horn, back combs, side combs, ladies, gents and childrens stockings, towels, darning cotton. Needles, Milward's gold eye at 4c per pair.

Hardware

Sargeant's food chopper, chops meat, vegetables, etc., ordinarily called sausage grinders.

\$1.24

No. 1 steel traps, with chain 15c
Curry combs - 5c and 10c
Tack hammers - 5c and 10c
Can opener with cork screw 10c
Hanes rivets, tubular 50 in a box, assorted lengths 5c, slatted or forked 100 in a box 5c, solid copper, 1-4 pound boxes 10c
Sure-clinch shoe tacks, brass and copper plated, 1-4 pound boxes

4c

First class American files eight-inch - 10c
Ten-inch - 12 1-2c
Twelve-inch - 20c
Don't buy reworked files when you can buy first class files at above prices.

Crack egg beaters

10c

Knives and Forks

Best goods for the price, from 50c to \$1.05 per set.

T hinges, three-inch and five-inch - 5c
Butt hinges, three-inch with screws - 10c

WARRANTED SHEARS

Eigh-Inch

50c

Big bargains in

Tinware and Enameledware

Large enameled dishpan 50c
Enameled ladle - 10c
Baking pans - 10c

Examine our stock and compare our prices.

Thanking you for past patronage and respectfully asking a continuance of same, I am yours respectfully,

S. M. Shaw, Prop

5c

Nickel Store.

The 5c and 10c store of Ada, I. T.

New location on Main street third door west of Rollow's corner.

Phone 77.

- Make Good -

Resolutions

For the New Year.

RESOLVE to give your feet all the comfort possible.

Keep this resolution by buying your shoes from

Chapman

The Shoeman

Pluck and Adventure.

SIBERIAN HOSPITALITY.

DETAINED at the Siberian village of Krivochookovo, Mons. Jules Legras remembered that he had a letter to a notable of that place, and hastened to present it. Monsieur Gautier, in his book on Russia, describes, in Monsieur Legras' own words, the cordial hospitality with which he was received, and also tells of the difficulty which concluded his charming visit.

"They had detained me till 10 o'clock in the evening," he writes, "by repeating, 'Why are you in a hurry?' and I was on the point of making my departure when I heard the mistress of the house say in a low voice to her husband, 'Shall I send for the carriage?' To which he replied, 'No.' At this word a shiver passed over me. Doubtless this host, who had made me send away the coachman, was unaware of what his refusal meant, else he would have said to me, 'Here is a sofa; sleep here.'

"My situation was perilous, but what could I do? At the end of a few moments I rose to take my leave, and having asked if I could get a cab, was met with the reply that at this hour none could be obtained.

"Krivochookovo is a village whose population constitutes the very fiftieth and jettison of Siberian civilization. The village has neither streets nor lights nor police. It is considered a cutthroat spot, where honest people shut themselves tight at night.

"I had neither stick nor revolver, and I had on me a large sum of money. Finally, I was ignorant of the exact position of my inn, situated over a mile away. First of all, dogs threw themselves upon me. I shook them off, and started as best I could.

"The night was lanky black. Amid the irregular clusters of houses there was no regular street by which to guide myself. As I hesitated I heard a 'Who is that?' It was a watchman of a pile of wood who bailed me. He directed me, and giving me a large branch that would do for a stick, he said, 'You are wrong. Barine, to go about this way without a revolver; the place is not safe. May God protect you.'

"As I approached another cluster of houses a watchman sounded his rattle menacingly, and dogs flew at me savagely. When this watchman approached, I induced him to accompany me. He informed me that the evening before a traveler who was staying at my hotel, having started early to catch a train, had been assassinated about ten paces from there. Finally we reached the inn. It took a long time to make them open the door, but I finally got inside and reached my room, trembling with fever and fatigue, and fell down helplessly, only conscious of having passed an hour and a half whose remembrance will remain with me long. As for my amiable host, whose hospitality might have cost me my life, he will doubtless never know of this adventure."

A HEROIC DEED.

One of the men who joined the Colonial forces which were battling for the freedom of Texas was John Ingram. During the siege of Gonzales, says the author of "With the Makers of Texas," he performed a feat of heroism which is yet remembered.

The Texans, favored by a dark night, opened an entrenchment on the right side of the river, within 400 or 500 feet of the Alamo, and at daylight the next morning the twelve-pounder, supported by the company to which Ingram belonged, began to thunder.

The Mexicans were not slow to reply, but in a short time the fire on both sides slackened in consequence of a dense fog which completely concealed every object beyond the distance of a few yards.

After the fog dissolved, the cannonade on both sides was renewed. At length the artillerymen of the twelve-pounder announced that their powder was exhausted. It was immediately asked, "Who will go to the camp for powder?"

Without a moment's hesitation Ingram volunteered for the perilous service. The Texan camp was about half a mile from the batteries. Ingram leaped out of the ditch and ran.

Five field-pieces were bearing on him from the walls of the Alamo, and a thousand infantrymen were marshaled outside the walls within easy musketry-range of the intrepid messenger. His course for 400 yards was over an open field before he could gain the cover of a mill-race which led to the camp.

Simultaneously the five cannon hurled at him their iron missiles. At the next instant a thousand muskets poured a leaden shower round him, but Ingram sped on, and reached the mill-race unharmed.

He did not pause until he reached the quarter-master's tent, where, seizing a keg of powder and placing it on his shoulder, he left as he arrived, running.

The same perils awaited him on his return. Three swarms of iron and leaden balls again swept the plain round him, but he seemed to hear a charmed life, for he entered the entrenchments untouched, amid the huzzas and congratulations of his fellow soldiers.

SKILLALALEE A FIGHTER.

Eighteen feet from the tip of his snout to the tail, the largest fish that was ever brought into T wharf came in on the Ida Silva, swordfishermen, having been captured after a fight only equalled by John Boyle O'Reilly's

"Fighting the amber whale." For twelve miles the monster towed a dory containing Everett Dowdy and Daniel McDonald, who had harpooned it, thinking it was a swordfish. A score of times it turned and attacked the boat, a hundred times it sought the bottom, endeavoring to pull the frail dory down after it, and only being prevented by the length of the harpoon rope.

The fish was styled a skillalalee or large billfish by the authorities on T wharf, but never before was one of that species known to grow to half its size.

All one day the animal was on exhibition at the store of the Gloucester Fish Company in Atlantic avenue, and a wondering crowd marvelled at its proportions. Its tail measured six feet when extended, its side fin was nearly two feet long, and its huge dorsal was nearly four feet. It had a sharp nose, about two feet long, as hard as a Roman sword, and its head was larger than a swordfish.

Daniel McDonald told a Journal man the story of the capture. "A week ago," he said, "in a dead calm, Dowdy and I put off in a dory. We had rowed but a short distance from the ship when we saw this fish rising, and as he reached the surface I put a harpoon into him. Then I saw that he was like no swordfish that ever lived. He tore around in the water, creating enormous waves, and then dashed at the boat. He hit it a number of times with his body, but his sword was so short in proportion that he was unable to use it.

"Then he started to run away. The line grew taut, and we tore through the water like a torpedo boat. Twenty knots we did, if we did one, and dories aren't made to stand a strain like that.

"After a while it tried to ease up, but each time we pulled taut on the rope. This finally tired him out. He was bleeding all the time, and at last, five hours after we harpooned him, he turned over. Then we started to pull back to the ship. She was fully ten miles away, and the monster, which weighed 1400 pounds, was not easy to move, even in the water. We finally got back, completely tired out. It was a great victory."—Boston Journal.

A DEED OF REAL CHIVALRY.

The noblest act which the author of "An Observer in the Philippines" saw in his journeyings was not performed on the battlefield, nor yet in the hospital, civil or military. But it was the spirit of self-sacrifice displayed by one American physician toward another—a man whom he did not know even by sight.

On the Logan were a young doctor and his wife and three small children. When we boarded the Sherman we saw the children and their father, from whom we learned that the mother had without any warning developed tuberculosis. An examination ordered by the surgeon of the department resulted not only in directing the immediate return of the mother and children, but also in the recommendation that the husband should accompany them. When the request was made to the surgeon of the division, great difficulty was experienced in securing the desired permission.

Another physician, who had been three years in the Philippines, and had secured a stateroom upon the Sherman, was so impressed by the apparent need of his brother physician, whom he had never seen, that he did all in his power to aid him. It was said that there was no room on the Sherman for the family; that all the staterooms were taken.

"Then I will give up mine for them," for I feel that they should go home."

"The doctor cannot be spared. He has only recently come to the Philippines, and we need his services."

"I have served three years, and want to go home very much, but I will take his place, and serve his three years, in order that he may go," was the reply of Dr. Patton.

Later it was found that an arrangement could be made which would allow the husband a leave of absence for one month after reaching San Francisco.

When one considers the trying climate of the Philippines and the arduous service which an army physician is called upon to perform, he is glad to lift his hat to Dr. Patton.

POINT OF VIEW.
"Yes, indeed, we have some queer little incidents happen to us," said the engineer. "A queer thing happened to me about a year ago. You'd think it a queer thing for a rough man like me to cry for ten minutes, and nobody hurt either, wouldn't you? Well, I did, and I almost cry every time I think of it."

"I was running along one afternoon pretty lively, when I approached a little village where the track cuts through the street. I slackened up a little, but was still making good speed, when suddenly about twenty rods ahead of me a little girl not more than three years old toddled onto the track. You can't even imagine my feelings. There was no way to save her. It was impossible to stop, or even slack much, at that distance, as the train was heavy and the grade descending. In ten seconds it would have been all over, and after reversing and applying the brake I shut my eyes. I didn't want to see any more."

"As we slowed down my fireman struck his head out of the cab window to see what I had stopped for, when he laughed and shouted to me: 'Jim, look here!' I looked, I looked, and there was a big, black Newfoundland dog holding the little girl in his mouth, leisurely walking toward the house where she evidently belonged. She was kicking and crying, so that I knew she wasn't hurt, and the dog had saved her. My fireman thought it funny and kept laughing, but I cried like a woman. I just couldn't help it. I had a little girl of my own at home."—Catholic Home Companion.



CORN PUDDING.

A smoking corn pudding is a pleasant sight, when the mercury is low. Scrape a dozen ears of full-grown corn by slitting each row of kernels with a sharp knife, and then with the back of the knife scraping all the soft part out, leaving the empty hull on the cob. Add a pint of milk, a cup of sugar, a teaspoonful of salt and a tablespoonful of melted butter. Bake three hours in a moderate oven. This dish may be prepared in winter from canned corn, and makes an excellent variety in vegetables to serve with meat if the sugar is left out.

BAKERS' CUSTARD PIE.

Beat up the yolks of three eggs to a cream. Stir thoroughly a tablespoonful of sifted flour into three tablespoonfuls of sugar; this separates the particles of flour so that there will be no lumps; then add to it the beaten yolks, put in a pinch of salt, a teaspoonful of vanilla and a little grated nutmeg; next the well beaten whites of the eggs; and lastly, a pint of scalded milk (not boiled) which has been cooled; mix this in by degrees and turn all into a deep pie pan, lined with puff paste, and bake from twenty-five to thirty minutes.

STEWED SIRLOIN OF BEEF.

After the fillet has been taken out carefully remove the bones of the sirloin. Spread it flat on a table, strew over it a little salt and pepper, and then cover the inside with thin slices of striped bacon. Lay it on a thick iron saucpan, nearly its size. Add the bones and as much beef broth as will nearly cover the joint. As soon as it has boiled a few minutes and been well skimmed, throw in a large bunch of savory herbs, leeks and one onion, stuck with a dozen cloves. An hour later add two blades of mace and half a dozen peppercorns. Stew the beef very gently from four to five hours, or longer. Serve with brown caper sauce. Add what sauce may be needed before the vegetables are thrown in, and after the meat is lifted out of the liquor in which it has been stewed, it will make a very good sauce.

APPLE PIE.

This pie as usually made is very unsatisfactory, but with a little care it may be made a dessert of rare excellence. The apples, which should be of good texture and fine flavor, should be pared and quartered—not sliced; then, if the apples are large, divide each quarter into three parts; if small, into two parts. Having lined the pie plate with good crust, arrange the apples in it in an orderly and compact manner, making the centre a little higher than the sides. If a large pie is desired mix a tablespoonful of flour with a cup nearly full of sugar, a few gratings of nutmeg or lemon, and a half teaspoonful of cinnamon, or any preferred flavoring, and sprinkle this mixture over the apples. Now add four tablespoonfuls of water, and put on the top crust. Wet the edges of the under crust, pinch the top one upon it, and prick the top several times with a fork, or slash it in the centre. Bake nearly an hour in a moderate oven. This pie is best the day it is baked. A small pie will, of course, require less seasoning.

HINTS FOR THE HOUSEKEEPER.

Gum camphor sprinkled around the haunts of mice will keep them away.

Red ants dislike sulphur, and if it is sprinkled in places they frequent they will disappear.

Never put warm food of any kind away in a covered dish if you want it to keep well.

A tablespoonful of sugar to the stove blacking will add a very material lustre to the stove.

Velvet that has become crushed may be restored by placing the linen side over a basin of hot water.

Table linen in order to bring out the bright gloss that makes it attractive should be dampened considerably.

Green vegetables should be eaten fresh. In buying them be very careful that the leaves are crisp to the touch.

If you put a few drops of the oil of sassafras in the places frequented by black ants you will have no more trouble from them.

When boiling a cracked egg put a teaspoonful of salt into the water and you will find it cooks without any of the white part leaving the shell.

See that the water boils, adding one teaspoonful of salt to every quart of water. Always keep the saucepan uncovered when boiling green vegetables.

About twenty minutes is the usual time to cook green vegetables. Ten minutes is sufficient for green peas, while some cabbages take nearly an hour.

A soft chamois skin soaked in cold water and then wrung dry is the ideal duster. It can be used on the finest furniture, and it will leave a clean, bright surface.

Sponge off the leaves of a rubber plant with milk, it makes them glossy and bright. A very good tonic for the rubber plant is to dig a circle around its roots and put in a tablespoonful of castor oil once a month.



SATISFACTION.

To get just what we ask for. May sometimes make us sore. And we may kick ourselves because We didn't ask for more.

DUPLICATES.

She—"Did your sister get any duplicate wedding presents?" He—"Yes; she married a widower with two boys."—Chicago Journal.

WOMAN'S WAY.

"Why don't Grace marry George?" "She thinks he's hardly good enough for her." "Then why not let him go?" "Well, she thinks he's a little too good for any other girl."

A MINOR DETAIL.

"Yes, it was a delightful wedding. All the Astorbills and Vanderfellers and Rockergoulds were there." "And who were the contracting parties?" "Really, do you know, I quite forgot to inquire."

KNEW WOMAN NATURE.

"Jim," said the department store manager, "you know that lot of open-work ladies' stockings left over from last summer?"

"Yes, sir." "Mark 'em up fifty per cent. and label 'em 'Common Sense Winter Hosiery.'"

THE JOY OF SADNESS.

"A woman's tears are sure to find sympathy," said the kind-hearted man.

"Yes," answered the cold-blooded one. "And yet when you see a woman crying you can't be sure whether she has trouble or has been enjoying herself at a matinee."—Washington Star.

IN 2005.

When approached by the 200th questioner, the new arrival in Hades showed his irritation.

"Don't ask me again," cried he, "if they've finished that Panama canal." "I won't," was the prompt reply. "All I wish to know is this: Have they started it yet?"

THE DIFFERENCE.



"But why do you permit your daughter to sue me for breach of promise when you were so bitterly opposed to our engagement because I wasn't good enough for her and would disgrace your family?"

"Ah, that was sentiment. This is business."—Ally Sloper.

NOT ON THE INSIDE.

"So Jimmy's left dat life insurance company, hey?"

"Yes; when de reform movement started in dey chopped his salary from tree a week to one-fifty."

"An' he wouldn't stand for it?"

"In course not. He said he didn't git none of de loot."

AGGRAVATING FELLOW.

"How it is possible for you to find fault with him?"

"Why not?"

"Why, he appears to be a man who is absolutely without faults of any sort."

"Huh! that's his greatest fault."—Philadelphia Press.

FIRST PLACE HANDY.

"Why are you ringing that bell?" asked the neighbor of the pedler.

"I want to sell the gentleman a patent trousers hanger," replied the man with the satchel.

"No use. His wife is away and he hangs his trousers on the gas jet or the first place handy."—Chicago News.

THUS WAGS THE WORLD.

"There goes an example of a man getting down and out through no fault of his own."

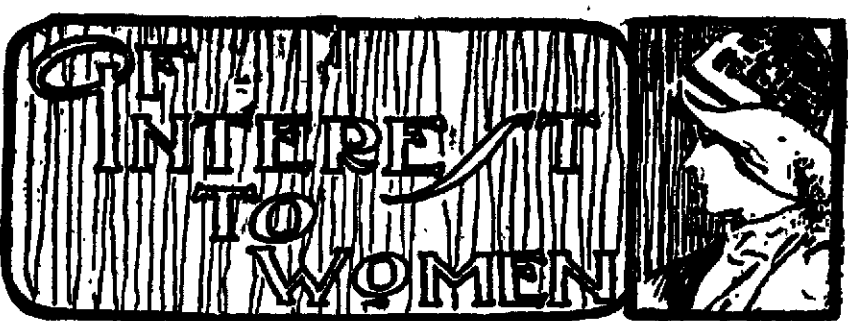
"What's the sad tale?"

"He was a bank cashier. His fool friends got to calling him 'Honest John.' The name stuck, and after that nobody would give him a job."—Philadelphia Bulletin.

WELCOMED THE IMPROVEMENT.

Clerk (of a crowded hotel).—"The best we've got, Mr. Belknap, is a cot in an upper back hallway. Will you take that?"

Guest—"Sure. Much obliged for your offering me the best you've got in the house. I was afraid you were going to put me in that dinky first floor bedroom I had when I was here last."—Chicago Tribune.



THE RINGS OF GRANDMOTHER.

Grandmother liked her finger rings to look neat and very refined. That is why the extraordinary showy ones of yesterday, with their huge stones and gorgeous settings, are declining in favor, and simple hoops and half loops are coming into fashion again. The stones are cut all of the same size, and are set quite close together, so that they produce very little show, but look exceedingly well.

But that is not the only way in which the women of this generation are copying their clever grandmothers. They are displaying their jewelry in divers forms, though it must be remembered that the jewelers are not quite so generous as to permit them to wear exactly the same large brooches and wide bracelets that were modish years and years ago. That would not be at all good for trade. But it is often quite possible to have a family treasure such as a cameo rose in modern guise, or to take from an ancient and too heavy bracelet the big amethyst that figured in it as the principal gem and adapt it to the requirements of the moment, say, as a pendant or brooch.

Some women occupy their time very pleasantly and profitably delving and diving into the old curiosity shops, where such things as bead necklaces, curious old girdles, set with seashore stones like agate and carnelian, and like quaint gew-gaws are stored away. These they are adapting to their needs with excellent results.—London Mail.

ORDER MAN.

A new and complicated problem now confronts the housekeepers and they have taken the alarm. Most of the groceries and markets in the large cities send their men daily to the houses of their regular patrons to get orders. This system extends also to the suburban establishments.

Apartment houses frequently have a number of tenants who buy from the same place. They have an agent for their special use and the groceryman or butcher makes the rounds daily. Some men have been working long enough to know every servant in the city.

Servants apparently satisfied have grown sulky, suggested higher wages and secured them or gone. Others have complained of overwork. Some have inexplicably resigned and then made their appearance in the establishment of some neighbor.

The good name of the house-to-house man has been questioned and complaints relative to his busibodiness have gone from many sources to the storekeepers. He is almost the only survivor who might carry news from house to house and by him the information diffused throughout the fashionable residential portion of the city and in similar quarters outside the city.

Whether he will eventually go or remain depends upon the number of future disturbances that can be traced directly or indirectly to him.—New Haven Register.

TUNIC SKIRTS.

The tunic skirt, which is nothing more less than the skirt and overskirt of old, and the basque of long time memory are the two innovations that are bidding for leadership in the fashions. The tunic, as yet, preserves long, straight lines, its bottom edge often being bordered with a band of contrasting material to mark its separateness from the skirt below it. As to the basque, it is seen frequently on pretty dance frocks, dinner gowns and on ultra fashionable cloth tailor-made. In the latter capacity the basque is not popular. It is, of course, made of material like the skirt, and a cloth waist is no longer considered a thing of beauty. Made of cloth, the old-fashioned dart returns again. This can, of course, be covered with trimmings, but this style, as has been said, is not a favorite. In pretty house dresses of all sorts, however, the basque, showing to perfection the graceful lines and curves of the figure, is growing in popularity. It is always very short on the hips, and has a tall that falls in one quite deep point or in position shape.

A great many little separate coats, bodices, or what one likes to call them, are found in evening costumes over lace skirts. Some of these garments partake of the basque style, being fitted perfectly and having peplums of various sorts and lengths. The peplums are of coat shape when the bodice is of a contrasting material, and either of hip length or quite long, the tall sometimes falling in with the train. These separate bodices are made of plain or figured satins or of panne velvet, and are used over lace skirts. They add to economical possibilities for the girl of moderate income, since remnants and left-overs are more easily run into service than when a costume is all of one kind.

The suspended dress, under another title the "valentine dress," is still a favorite with the girls who show their good sense by not tiring of anything so becoming and useful.

WOMEN IN WORK.

The London Mail, drawing attention to a statement of its New York correspondent concerning the extent to which the labor of women is replacing that of men, asks: Is such a process

of substitution a good or a bad thing for the workers themselves and for the State to which they belong? If men, who generally require higher pay because they have, as a rule, to bring up a family, are crowded out of work to make way for women, who take lower wages because they are prepared to accept celibacy as their lot or because they receive from their parents as a free gift some part of their cost of living, the result would unquestionably be deplorable. It would mean that the social organism was committing slow suicide. The male portion of the population would be less and less able to marry because it would lack the wage-earning power to maintain a wife and family. The female portion would be exempt from the economic pressure which must candidly be admitted, in perhaps numerous cases, to be one of the causes that lead women to accept marriage.

Thus where women were largely employed we should expect the birth-rate to fall, as it is falling in England and the United States, and the number of unemployed male clerks to increase to enormous proportions, as it is reported to have done in England. If, however, we look at the evidence of general statistics, it is not proved that the substitution of female for male labor has gone to very serious lengths.

It would seem that while the openings for women have increased, and are increasing in the modern order of industry, the number of men employed fully keeps pace with the population. It may, too, be reasonably contended that the increased opportunities for women must have a salutary influence upon the race by placing women in a better economic position, and enabling them to insist upon a higher standard of morality and conduct in men before they will consent to give their hands. Women's labor is only mischievous when it reduces male labor to a parasitic position, as in the town of Dundee, where, owing to the fact that the competition of the low-wage countries of the East has to be faced, employers cannot pay men, and those who should be workers subsist upon the wages of their wives.—London Mail.

USEFULNESS OF WOMEN.

There is an immense amount of feminine talent and energy wasted in the world every day. This is not due to the indifference or the laziness of woman, for she is eager to do, to accomplish, to go out into the field of life and achieve for herself and for her kind. But she simply does not know how. One of the most important movements of the day, therefore, is the reawakening of woman, the building her up on a new basis of self-help and work for others. That movement will set loose an amount of energy and talent that will revolutionize our social life.

What I have to say concerns all our idle rich women, and does not apply in any way to women whose domestic requirements are as great as to preclude them from activity in other fields.

The question broadly is, Is woman's sphere of usefulness becoming enlarged? There is no doubt that woman's highest duty is the home, that her influence there is more powerful for the lasting good of mankind than anywhere else. But many women of high intelligence who are not married, or whose children have gone abroad into the world, carrying there the influence of their mothers' training to sweeten and strengthen their own homes, are bound by every law of morality to find a beneficent outlet for their powers.

The question, then, is not what our women can do, but what they must do. Now, the woman of to-day has demonstrated the quality of her talent, courage and endurance. Therefore there is no excuse for her not working. Just now, in civic affairs, her courage is perhaps a little in advance of her judgment. Her methods may not be so sophisticated, nor possibly so judicious as those of her brother, but one is safe in saying that her purposes are infinitely more idealistic than his, and her attitude decidedly less compromising.

Woman has brains, energy and courage, and no one has any moral right to waste time. Time is the most precious thing in the world, because it is the only thing that cannot be replaced when lost. Woman is responsible in proportion to the wealth and time at her command. While one woman is working for bread and butter, the other must devote her time to the amelioration of the condition of her laboring sister. This is the moral law.—Mrs. Russell Sage, in North American Review.

Children in Somaliland.

Children are regarded as a chief asset in the belongings of a Somali native. A man may have as many as four wives, and most of the patriarchs boast of tremendous families. One old chief of a tribe near Berbera was the head of a family consisting of twenty-three sons, twenty-nine daughters and 800 grandchildren. A father sells his daughters for camels and often builds up for himself a fortune in this way. The children are named according to the circumstances of their birth, as Wa-Berri (born in the morning) or Robleh (born in the rain).

The lifting power of youth of seventeen years is 280 pounds.